1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO				
3					
4	UNITED STATES OF AMI	ERICA,	)	No. 1:20-CR-01210-JAP	
5	Plaintiff	,	)		
6	VS.		)	Pete V. Domenici U.S. Courthouse Pecos Courtroom	
7	CHARLES BRENT JUSTICE, )		)	Albuquerque, New Mexico Tuesday, June 2, 2020 1:00 P.M.	
8	Defendant		)	1.00 F.M.	
9					
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS				
11	MOTION APPEALING MAGISTRATE'S DETENTION ORDER (Doc. 19)  BEFORE THE HONORABLE JAMES A. PARKER				
12	SENIO	R UNITE	D ST.	ATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
13	APPEARANCES:				
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21	For U.S. Probation:	SANDRA	DAY		
	(via Zoom VC)	SANDINA DAT			
22	Reported by:			UGHRAN, CRR, RPR, NM CCR #65	
23	(via Zoom VC)	United Phone:		tes Court Reporter 05)348-2334	
24	المحمدية		L		
25	Proceedings reported by machine shorthand and transcript produced by Computer-Aided Transcription.				

1	INDEX				
2	Page				
3	ARGUMENT BY THE GOVERNMENT - MR. STANFORD83				
4	RECOMMENDATION BY PROBATION - MS. DAY89				
5	ARGUMENT BY THE DEFENSE - MR. ROMERO92				
6	FURTHER ARGUMENT BY THE GOVERNMENT - MR. STANFORD93				
7	FINDING OF THE COURT104				
8					
9	WITNESSES				
10	Page				
11	CHARLES BRENT JUSTICE				
12	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ROMERO				
13	REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ROMERO				
14	RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MOTE				
15					
16	ROBERT W. SAULTER				
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ROMERO54 QUESTIONS BY THE COURT61				
18	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MOTE				
19	REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ROMERO				
20	NATHANIEL SORENSON				
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. STANFORD				
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ROMERO				
23	CONTINUED CROSS EXAMINATION BY MIK. ROMERO00				
24	* * * *				
25					

1 (In Open Court at 1:04 P.M.) THE COURT: Good afternoon. The Court is in session. 2 3 Have a seat, please. 4 The case this afternoon is No. 2020-1210, United States of America vs. Charles Justice. Let me ask counsel to 5 6 state their appearances, please. 7 MR. STANFORD: Jon Stanford and Nicholas Mote for the 8 Government, Your Honor. 9 MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, Joe Romero on behalf of the 10 Defendant, Charles Justice. Also with me sitting at counsel 11 table, with the Court's permission, is the Defendant's military JAG defense counsel, Captain Robert Saulter, Your Honor. 12 **13** THE COURT: That's fine. 14 CAPTIAN SAULTER: Thank you, Your Honor. **15** THE COURT: The hearing this afternoon is on the 16 Defendant's appeal of the Magistrate Judge's detention order. **17** In preparation for the hearing, I've read the following materials: 18 19 The Criminal Complaint, which is Document No. 1. 20 The Pretrial Services Report, Document No. 10, ex 21 parte. 22 The Motion Appealing the Magistrate's Detention 23 Order, this is Document No. 19, and attached to it is the 24 Memorandum from Colonel David Carlson. That's Document 19-1. 25 Next was the United States response, Document No. 20,

and attached to the response was a photo album, that's

Document 20-1, a second set of photos that look like it was
instructions on how to prepare a sound muffler, and then

Document 20-3, which was 74 pages entitled, "The Great

Replacement Towards a New Society." Then Document No. 20-4,
which was, again, the 10 pages of a memorandum from Colonel

David Carlson.

I did have a question about a part of Colonel Carlson's conclusion. He recommended that Mr. Justice's squadron commander order a mental health evaluation to determine whether he poses any threat to himself, his family, or his community, and restrict Justice to the confines of Kirtland Air Force Base pending the results of the mental health evaluation. Was the mental health evaluation done?

MR. ROMERO: It was, Your Honor, and my understanding from talking to my client and his military defense counsel, who can also elaborate on this point, is it was completely found to be normal. He was found to not be suffering from any mental health diagnosis or condition. And, in fact, the three days of initial restriction after his release were basically waived or expired in part based on that finding by the mental health evaluation, such that after the initial three days of restriction to base, he was no longer required or restricted to base after those initial three days in significant part based on the positive finding by the mental health evaluator.

1 And if you'd like, Your Honor, with the Court's 2 permission, if I've missed anything, I would ask Captain 3 Saulter to address the Court further on that issue. 4 THE COURT: Well, let me ask, is the mental health 5 evaluation a part of the record? 6 MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Can I get a copy somewhere? MR. ROMERO: Can Captain Saulter address you, Your 8 9 Honor? 10 THE COURT: Sure. 11 CAPTAIN SAULTER: Your Honor, I believe that that 12 would have to be through a request to the military treatment **13** facility at Kirtland Air Force Base. It's a military mental 14 health record that is maintained there, and even though it was **15** done pursuant to that commander directed evaluation, the 16 commander has it and the military treatment facility has it, **17** but we don't have a copy. 18 THE COURT: Okay. How would you go about getting a 19 copy? 20 CAPTAIN SAULTER: You'd either have to make a Privacy 21 Act request, so that he can request his own record from the 22 clinic, or else there's a law enforcement exception where law 23 enforcement can request the same. 24 THE COURT: Okay. All right, I was --25 MR. MOTE: Your Honor, if I may?

THE COURT: Sure, go ahead.

MR. MOTE: Your Honor, another option is if this

Court were to order production of that, we could work with the

Government for the United States Air Force to try and get a

copy of that for you.

THE COURT: Okay. The next thing that I read was

Document 20-5, which is a letter of counseling from Caleb

Green, Assistant Flight Chief, and then next Document 20-6,

which is a photo array of a search of the Defendant's residence
and vehicle.

Next I read a transcription of the audio proceedings on March 18, 2020, before Judge Khalsa. This basically appears to be a lot of squabbling between lawyers about witnesses, and that hearing was then continued to the following day whereupon there was a record made of the proceedings on March 19th, 198 pages that I read. It's this right here.

And then the last thing that I read is a Memorandum from United States Probation Officer Sandra Day dated June 1, 2020, yesterday, which again concludes that there are no conditions or combination of conditions that will reasonably assure the appearance of the Defendant at court, or assure the safety of the community.

Now, are there any other written materials that I should have read prior to today's proceeding?

MR. STANFORD: Not in the Government's opinion, Your

Honor. And I wanted to also add something for the Court's own 1 knowledge and also the defense. This case is still active. 2 3 There's an active ongoing investigation. There's evidence that 4 we are sifting through. We are conducting due diligence, and 5 we are re-examining things as becomes appropriate. In the course of doing that, I was recently informed 6 7 by one of my investigators that -- I'll refer you to, I believe 8 it's Exhibit E or F in the Government's response to the Motion for Appeal of Detention. It is an Albuquerque Police 9 10 Department report detailing a man at the airport, who we 11 believed was Airman Justice. 12 THE COURT: Is that in the record that I read? **13** MR. STANFORD: It is. 14 THE COURT: Well, let me see where that was. The **15** United States response --16 MR. STANFORD: Document 23-7, Your Honor. Sorry. 17 THE COURT: Oh, 23-7. 18 MR. STANFORD: That may be the underlying detention 19 hearing. 20 THE COURT: What is Document 23? 21 MR. STANFORD: Document 23-7, it's a State of 22 New Mexico Uniform Incident Report. And I believe it's 23 Exhibit E or F. 24 THE COURT: Okay, that's part of the record? 25 MR. STANFORD: It is. It was attached to my response

to the Motion for Appeal of Detention Order. 1 2 It's not necessary that Your Honor read it at this 3 time, because what I wish to inform the Court is that we have 4 since verified that it was not Airman Justice who is the 5 subject of that police report. So we withdraw that from consideration. I just wanted to let the Court know that in our 6 7 due diligence, we had agents go out and view video and 8 reinterview witnesses, because it was an APD case originally. 9 We wanted to also go out and do an investigation, and we do not believe that it was Airman Justice who went to Cutter Aviation. 10 11 THE COURT: I don't believe that I've read the 12 documents to which you're referring. **13** MR. STANFORD: I'm happy to provide it, but since I'm 14 withdrawing it, you may want to --**15** THE COURT: Well, no, just identify it for the 16 record. I didn't read it. 17 MR. STANFORD: Okay. It's Document 23-7. 18 THE COURT: 23-7? And what is Document No. 23? What 19 is it entitled? 20 MR. STANFORD: That is my response to the Motion for 21 Appeal of Detention Order, Document 23 in the Court's record. 22 Well, I have the United States response THE COURT: 23 to Defendant's Motion Appealing Detention Order. It's filed as 24 Document No. 20. 25 MR. STANFORD: I think that's the Magistrate version,

```
1
    Your Honor.
2
              THE COURT: Okay. Is it the same thing that you're
 3
    referring to?
4
              MR. STANFORD: Document 23 is identical, except for
 5
    the APD report to which I'm referring. The exhibits are
    identical, not the motion itself, or the response itself.
6
7
              THE COURT: Tell me, again, how the APD report is
8
   identified as an exhibit.
9
              MR. STANFORD: Let me see. It would be Exhibit F, or
   23-7.
10
11
              THE COURT: Let me see if I have that. I don't have
12
   the report for some reason. The last thing I have attached to
13
   your response is Document 20-6, which is 85 pages of
14
    photographs.
15
             MR. STANFORD: I think Document 20 is the Magistrate
16
    document, Your Honor.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. Well, is 23-7 the same as 20-7?
18
                             No, it is not.
             MR. STANFORD:
19
                          It's not? Well, I don't have the report
              THE COURT:
20
   that you're referring to.
21
              MR. STANFORD: I believe Mr. Gonzales is retrieving
22
   it for you, Your Honor.
23
              MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, if I may, I have a copy
24
   right here. I can tender it to the Court.
25
                          Do you want me to read it? Apparently
              THE COURT:
```

```
it's not relevant to the case.
 1
 2
              MR. STANFORD:
                             Right.
 3
              MR. ROMERO: Your Honor --
 4
              THE COURT: I gather what the Government is doing is
    withdrawing this exhibit.
 5
              MR. STANFORD: Yes. We've done a further
 6
 7
    investigation and we're withdrawing that as an exhibit.
              THE COURT: Okay. Here, let me return it to you.
 8
 9
    Well, in any event, for record purposes, it's a document that I
10
    have not seen.
11
              Okay, anything else?
12
              MR. STANFORD: No, Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT: Mr. Romero, anything else on behalf of
14
    Defendant Justice?
15
              MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask if you want to present
17
    any witnesses today on behalf of the Government.
18
              MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, I do have the witnesses
19
    who testified at the underlying hearing, they are here for
20
    questioning if the Court desires, but I have interviewed them
21
    extensively all along and I don't believe their testimony would
22
    change, and I don't have much new information that I would seek
23
    to elicit from these witnesses. So if you are familiar with
24
    the transcript of the underlying hearing, then you are also
25
    familiar with the facts that we would introduce in evidence
```

```
1
    today.
 2
              THE COURT: Okay. Well, I think what you're
 3
    referring to is, let's see, the transcription of the
 4
    proceedings on March 19th, 198 pages. Yes, I have read that.
 5
    As you can see from all the yellow tabs, I have focused on
    various areas.
 6
 7
              MR. STANFORD: It was quite an experience. Does the
 8
    Court have any questions it would like to ask of either of
    those witnesses?
 9
10
              THE COURT: I don't believe so, but let me ask
11
   Mr. Romero, do you have any further questions you want to ask
12
    of them?
13
              MR. ROMERO: Not initially, Your Honor. I do have a
14
    witness to call.
15
              THE COURT: Okay.
16
              MR. STANFORD: That's fine. I'll reserve the right
17
    to call them in rebuttal, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: All right. Go ahead and call your
19
    witness.
20
              MR. ROMERO: We would call the Defendant,
21
    Mr. Justice.
22
              THE COURT: Please unlatch his right hand so he can
23
    be sworn.
24
              (CHARLES BRENT JUSTICE, DEFENSE WITNESS, SWORN)
25
```

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

2 BY MR. ROMERO:

- **3** Q. Sir, could you state your full name, please.
- **4** A. Charles Brent Justice.
- 5 Q. Okay. Mr. Justice, prior to your arrest in this federal
- **6** case, where were you residing?
- 7 A. On Kirkland Air Force Base.
- **8**  $\|Q$ . Are you married, sir?
- **9** A. I am.
- **10** Q. What's your wife's name?
- 11 A. Beatrice Ottomanelli.
- 12 | Q. And do you have any children?
- 13  $\|$  A. I do, one. I have one son.
- **14** Q. What's his age?
- 15  $\|A\|$ . He is 14 months.
- 16  $\mathbb{Q}$ . How old are you, sir?
- **17 |** A. I'm 27.
- 18  $\|Q\|$ . And you were obviously in the Air Force at the time of
- 19 your arrest in this case. Could you tell the Court when you
- **20** | joined the Air Force, at what age?
- **21**  $\blacksquare$  A. It was May of 2014. I want to say the first week of May
- **22** | 2014, at age 21.
- 23 Q. And you've been continuously in the Air Force since that
- **24** | time?
- **25** A. I have, yes.

- 1 Q. And you're age 27 now?
- 2 A. Twenty-seven now, yes, sir.
- **3** Q. And had prior to that, what kind of employment history did
- 4 | you have?
- 5 A. Various employment ranging from fast food restaurants to
- 6 | the company Sea-Doo. I was a test rider for the company
- 7 | Sea-Doo. Just held various jobs, everything from handyman to
- **8** working at my church, or whatever.
- **9** Q. And you're a native of what state, sir?
- **10** | A. Florida.
- **11 | Q**. What particular city?
- 12 A. Melbourne, Florida.
- 13 Q. Sir, do you have any criminal history?
- **14** A. None whatsoever.
- 15 Q. Have you ever been convicted of any crime, either as a
- 16 civilian before you joined the Air Force or after you joined
- 17 the Air Force?
- **18** A. No, sir.
- 19  $\|Q\|$  And with regard to your job in the Air Force, could you
- 20 | tell the Court what it is you do as part of your primary
- **21** occupation in the Air Force?
- 22 A. My primary occupation is under the umbrella termed
- 23 | Security Forces, so it varies based on everything from law
- 24 enforcement to security. My job is particular to security, and
- 25 | I'm the supervisor of a control center that watches over 2,000

- 1 | nuclear weapons.
- 2 Q. As part of your qualifying for or performing those duties,
- **3** were you required to have a security clearance?
- **4** A. I am. I currently do possess one.
- 5 Q. Okay. And as part of you having a security clearance, are
- **6** you aware that your social media accounts can be monitored?
- **7** A. Absolutely.
- **8** Q. And that's been the case since you first joined the Air
- 9 | Force and first started doing this job and obtained this
- **10** security clearance of secret?
- 11 A. I believe so.
- 12 | Q. Okay.
- 13  $\|$ A. Yes, sir.
- 14 | Q. And in the course of your job in the Air Force, have you
- 15 | had any kind of firearms training, just basic firearms
- **16** training, and specialized firearms training?
- 17 A. I did not attend any real specialized courses, but basic
- 18 | firearms training, absolutely, with the weapons that we are
- 19 issued daily. That's the limit of my experience.
- **20** Q. And which are those?
- **21** A. You're asking about the platform, sir?
- 22 Q. Yes.
- 23 A. So everyone's familiar with the M4. That's what you
- 24 see in all the movies. It's your classic carbine. Your
- 25 Beretta M9s, that's a handgun. That's usually my daily carry

- 1 at work because of my position now. But I have been formally
- 2 | trained on the 203 grenade launcher, the 240 machine gun, it's
- 3 | belt fed, same with the 249, and various electronics that are
- 4 associated with those platforms. But beyond that, no other
- 5 weapons systems.
- **6** Q. And you've been so trained since what year?
- **7** A. That would be 2015.
- **8** Q. And in that time, 2015 to the present, have you ever
- **9** | threatened or brandished a firearm to anyone?
- **10** A. Not in the slightest.
- 11 | Q. Have you ever committed any kind of violent offense either
- 12 | with or without a weapon?
- 13 A. Negative. Not at all.
- 14 Q. And you had access, daily access, to these weapons since
- **15** | 2015?
- **16** A. Yes, sir.
- 17  $\|Q$ . In the course of your job as a Security Forces supervisor,
- 18 did you ever have any personnel issues, problems that you were
- **19** written up for or disciplined for?
- 20 A. I do have one.
- **21** Q. What was that?
- 22 A. It was for failing to wear a beret. That's one of our
- 23 | issued headgear. In this particular instance, I was wearing my
- 24 helmet instead of my beret.
- 25 Q. What kind of disciplinary action did you receive there?

- $1 \mid A$ . It was a Letter of Counseling. We call it an LOC.
- 2 Q. Okay. Anything else?
- **3** A. There was an Article 15, which is a non-judicial
- 4 punishment, for shoplifting from a store at the age of 23.
- **5** Q. Some years ago?
- **6** A. Some years ago, yes, sir.
- **7** Q. And you took responsibility for that?
- **8** A. Absolutely. It was punished and fixed within 48 hours of
- **9** | my act being conducted. I apologized to all parties and
- 10 | fulfilled the entire requirement for my commander within 48
- 11 | hours and put it behind me.
- 12 | Q. Okay. Now, you had -- you were arrested in this case
- 13 prior to the federal civilian court arrest by military
- **14** authorities; is that correct?
- **15** A. I was, yes.
- **16** Q. And my understanding, if I recall correctly, if you'll
- 17 | bear with me, is that that occurred on or about February 19th,
- **18** is that correct, of this year?
- **19** | A. Yes, sir.
- **20** Q. And that was an arrest by military officials regarding
- **21** | violation -- or a UCMJ proceeding alleging violations of some
- 22 of the same statutes that you're here before the Court on
- 23 | today; is that correct?
- **24** A. That is correct, yes, sir.
- 25 Q. And then subsequent to that, my understanding is that you

- 1 | had what I think Captain Saulter corrected me is referred to as
- 2 | a pretrial confinement hearing, the equivalent of a release
- **3** | hearing, on February 27th; is that correct?
- 4 A. I believe it was the 26th, sir, or 27th. But, yes, sir,
- 5 we did have that hearing seven days later, after the arrest.
- **6** Q. All right. And at that hearing, who presided over that
- 7 | hearing?
- **8** A. It was a full-bird Colonel, last name Carlson.
- **9** Q. And why was he selected, as far as you know, to preside
- **10** over that hearing?
- 11 || A. To my knowledge, he was selected by the wing commander,
- 12 | made possible by the Government counsel at the time. They are
- 13 selected due to their temperament, their position on the base,
- 14 | the people they oversee. Generally their competence when it
- 15 comes to looking at someone as if they're a danger or a flight
- **16** ∥risk. You know, being a character judge.
- 17 Q. Did that particular hearing officer outrank your
- **18** | commander?
- 19 | A. He did, yes, sir.
- **20** Q. Were they of different rank or the same rank?
- 21 A. Different rank. My personal commander, my unit commander,
- 22 was below or subordinate to Colonel Carlson.
- 23 Q. Okay. And at that hearing, what was presented in your
- **24** | favor in terms of you qualifying or being eligible for release?
- 25 A. So, many things were presented on top of Captain Saulter's

- 1 case. Working with me, we covered multiple character
- 2 statements, both written and in person. People that were
- 3 present testified in person; those that were not had a plethora
- 4 of written character statements that came in.
- 5 MR. ROMERO: Excuse me, Your Honor.
- 6 BY MR. ROMERO:
- **7** Q. And those are documented, or summarized in the
- 8 | February 26, 2020, memorandum that was signed by Colonel
- **9** Carlson; is that correct?
- **10** A. That's correct.
- 11  $\|Q\|$ . At the conclusion of that hearing, were you released?
- 12 A. I was, immediately.
- 13 Q. Okay. So that would have been either the 26th or the 27th
- **14** of February; is that correct?
- 15  $\|A$ . Yes, sir. It was the 26th, right after the hearing.
- 16  $\|Q$ . Okay. And what were the conditions of release as you
- **17** | recall them?
- 18 A. So, I was issued -- Colonel Carlson found none himself,
- 19 personally, but he did recommend in his findings at the end, I
- 20 | believe it was like an opinion of sorts, for my unit commander,
- 21 Colonel Chamberlain, or Lt. Colonel Chamberlain, to issue a
- 22 Commander Directed Evaluation, we call it a CDE, a mental
- 23 | health check, and then a 72-hour hold was placed on me. So the
- 24 confines of base. The only permission to leave the confines of
- 25 | base would be for that mental health check, which was

- 1 immediately conducted with a Major Carter, who was the
- 2 commander of mental health. He did it personally.
- 3 Q. Since we don't have that report in front of us, and I
- 4 would remind you that you're under oath --
- $5 \parallel A$ . Yes, sir.
- **6** Q. -- could you testify as to the execution or performance of
- 7 | that mental health evaluation? What did you do and who did you
- **8** | talk to?
- 9 A. Absolutely. So again, it was a Major Carter, last name
- 10 | Carter. He was, to my understanding, the commander of the
- 11 | mental health section of the military treatment facility.
- 12 Again, he did it personally. We did about an hour,
- 13 | hour-and-a-half interview, followed by what must have been
- 14 | 500-plus questions on the computer, everything ranging from the
- 15 nonsensical to the standard. Then the results were compiled
- 16 and tabulated, and then we met back up. He put me in the
- 17 waiting room for about 30 minutes while he viewed them over,
- 18 then called me back to his office and pretty much said -- this
- 19 | is a loose quote -- that I was as baseline as baseline gets.
- **20** Q. What did you understand that to mean?
- 21 A. That there were no issues. He foresaw no issues, and he
- 22 | told me that he would forward this document onto my commander
- 23 and that he would release me from that 72-hour hold pending his
- **24** | reception of that document.
- 25 Q. Okay. And what did you do next?

- $1 \parallel A$ . From that point, I went back home to the base. Ironic
- 2 enough, I met my commander at the treatment facility, so I saw
- 3 | him face-to-face and he verified, just by happenstance, that I
- 4 was there to do the mental health check. I don't think he was
- 5 there for that purpose, but we caught up there. And then I
- **6** went back to the base and minded my Ps and Qs for that 72 hours
- 7 until I got the notification that, hey, you're released and
- 8 you're good to go. And then past that, there was no more
- 9 | requirements.
- 10 Q. Okay. Past those 72 hours --
- 11 | A. Past those 72 hours, yes, sir.
- 12 | Q. -- and past the mental health evaluation?
- 13  $\|A$ . That is correct, yes, sir.
- 14  $\|Q$ . Okay. So that was late February, and you were on
- 15 conditions of release until your arrest in this case, which if
- **16** I recall correctly occurred, I believe, March 16th?
- **17** A. Yes, sir.
- 18 | Q. So from late February to March 16th, were you free to go
- 19 and come off the base as you pleased?
- **20** A. Absolutely.
- **21** Q. And did you ever make any attempt to flee?
- 22 A. Not at all.
- 23 | Q. Did you ever make any attempt to arm yourself?
- **24** | A. Not at all.
- 25 | Q. Did you ever make any attempt to harm anyone?

- $1 \parallel A$ . No, sir.
- 2 Q. Okay. Now, the Government has withdrawn this police
- 3 report where they alleged in a pleading that you, in uniform,
- 4 went to Cutter Aviation on or about March 13th, which I believe
- 5 would have been the Friday before your arrest on a Monday.
- **6** A. Yes, sir.
- **7** Q. I'm asking you, under oath, did you ever go in uniform, or
- **8** at any time, to Cutter Aviation?
- $9 \parallel A$ . No, sir, never.
- 10  $\|Q$ . Were you fully compliant with your conditions of release
- 11 prior to your arrest on 16 March of this year pursuant to the
- 12 | federal civilian court complaint that was filed after your
- 13 | release on the military case?
- **14**  $\|A$ . Yes, sir, I was, in every manner.
- 15 Q. Now, Agent Justice, in this case there's lots of ink in
- 16 the Government's pleading to you basically having quite a
- 17 social media life. Specifically, there's a reference to social
- 18 | media accounts. Could you tell Judge Parker what social media
- 19 accounts, if any, do you have or subscribe to?
- 20 A. I regularly actively use Instagram and Facebook as the
- 21 primary two, blogging everything about my daily life or
- 22 whatever. Like I said to you personally, I do have a Twitter,
- 23 but I do not use it. It's not active. I think it has my name
- 24 attached to it, but it's not actively utilized. But Facebook
- 25 | and Instagram are the two.

- 1 Q. There's lots of screen shots offered to the Court as
- 2 | exhibits with regard to politically sensitive, maybe
- **3** politically controversial, racist, borderline racist,
- 4 | Islamophobic postings. Are those postings that you posted on
- 5 | your social media feeds?
- **6** A. At no point did I ever post that, no, sir.
- 7 Q. How did they get on your social media feed, speaking to
- **8** | kind of an IT illiterate person here?
- 9 A. Sure. So there's algorithms, of course. There's
- 10 | mathematics that go into it. The layman's term is, if you have
- 11 | friends and they like something -- when I message a friend or
- 12 | communicate with that person regularly about whatever, if they
- 13 | like a post, sometimes they'll show up as sort of a maybe
- 14 | you'll like it, too, kind of thing. You know, your friends
- 15 | like it, your circle likes it, maybe you'll like it, as well.
- 16 So you'll see things that you necessarily don't interact with
- 17 | that just pass on by. It doesn't mean you interacted with it,
- 18 | it just means that it might just scroll on past your screen
- 19 | just because someone that you communicate with interacts
- **20** | with it.
- 21 Q. In other words, if you have a friend who subscribes to
- 22 different social media sites or follows social media sites,
- 23 | that could also be, if he tags you or if he posts something
- 24 where he's attaching that item, it would show possibly on
- 25 | either your Facebook page or one of your social media accounts?

- 1 A. Correct, it may show up. It doesn't mean interaction had
- 2 occurred between myself and that item.
- **3** Q. So, there's this picture been painted of you, Mr. Justice,
- 4 as being a racist, having racist views. Could you tell me, are
- 5 | you a racist?
- $6 \parallel A$ . Not at all.
- **7**  $\|Q$ . Tell me about that. Do you have nonwhite friends?
- **8** A. Absolutely. If you'd like me to clarify.
- **9** Q. Go ahead.
- 10  $\|A$ . In the military, as with many jobs that employ a lot of
- 11 | people, you're forced to interact with others that you may not
- 12 | have ever met otherwise. Religions, ethnicities, backgrounds,
- 13 | cultures, it doesn't matter. So, yeah, I do run the gambit,
- 14 especially in my unit, of all colors, all thoughts, all
- 15 | beliefs. And a lot of them, it was banter back and forth
- 16 between friends. So the summarization of it is that a lot of
- 17 | these are years old between people that are no longer in the
- 18 | military or, you know, have moved on to other bases.
- 19  $\|Q\|$ . So a lot of these social media posts that the Government
- 20 has included as exhibits for the Court's review, they're not
- **21** even current?
- **22**  $\|A$ . Not in the slightest, no, sir.
- 23 Q. Okay. So you serve with African-Americans?
- **24** | A. I do.
- 25  $\|Q$ . Hispanics?

- **1** A. I do.
- 2 Q. That's sort of part and parcel of the military life; isn't
- **3** ∥that correct?
- **4** A. Absolutely, yes.
- 5 Q. Now, there was reference, and again, quite a lot of ink
- 6 expended on you having downloaded a manifesto by an
- 7 | Islamophobic individual who committed a terrorist act in
- 8 New Zealand, if I recall correctly.
- **9** A. Yes, sir.
- **10** Q. Did you download, or did you have that document?
- 11 A. It was on my phone, yes, sir. By nature of how modern
- 12 phones work -- it was a PDF format, if that clarifies, so as
- 13 soon as you click on it, it downloads to your device whether
- **14** you'd like it to or not.
- 15 Q. Let's talk about that. In your job, your Security Forces
- 16 | job, is part of your portfolio, part of your training, to
- **17** prepare for active shooter situations?
- 18  $\|A$ . Yes, sir, it is. It's a part of my job.
- 19  $\|Q$ . Okay. And in preparing for active shooter situations,
- 20 | what kind of training, formal training have you had, and what
- 21 kind of informal training have you engaged in in preparation
- 22 | for such an incident that you would be called upon to respond
- 23 | to?
- 24 A. Sure. So, we'll start with the formal training. Now, it
- 25 changes year to year, but generally they try to assign two

weeks, set off, for -- let's see. There's about 40 people in my particular flight that I work with day in and day out, my flight family. There's about 40 of us, and we work about two weeks, and that two weeks covers everything, like I said before, from law enforcement to security. I'd say no more than two days, three days at most is dedicated to active shooter training formally. A lot of it is left to the unit to handle off-line or, you know, on the downtime. The beauty of working in the desert is you have quite a lot of downtime.

So a lot of it is handled peer-to-peer. Maybe the NCO, who is a rank above you or two ranks above you, but close enough to be peer-to-peer, is training you personally using everything from documents, like you mentioned before, and other various stuff online. We can discuss it in a very offline, but personal manner, so it's not so formal and ridge. But the information is still conveyed.

- Q. My question to you is, was one of the reasons that you download that manifesto was to discuss it with your subordinates as part of the informal training process that you engaged in?
- A. Absolutely, which is why I'll also include, you don't see the victim pictures or pictures of the shooter, himself. We know there's no honor there. It was strictly what made them tick, what happened before, how was the act conducted, how can we catch this kind of stuff from happening again.

- Q. Was there ever an incident in your time at Kirtland where
  the balloon went up, so to speak, and you were called upon to
  respond to a potential active shooter?
  - A. Yes, sir, there was. I'm one of four remaining in the unit that actually experienced it, so that's why I took this active shooter stuff very seriously, to educate those beneath me.

But the event occurred, I hope I'm right on this one, in 2016. It might have been 2017, but 2016-2017 timeframe. The alarm went off and it was a real world response to an active shooter occurring on the west side of the installation. It happened right at shift change. All the indicators said it was real. All the indicators said this was a planned attack, and it made sense in regard to the times. It still kind of chokes me up, so I'm trying not to cry on the microphone here.

But, yeah, so we responded, and I think a lot of us realized that our job isn't a joke. Everyday, day in and day out, more or less, you know, sometimes it feels like a joke, you're just sitting there twirling your thumbs. It became suddenly very real, and so we took it seriously from that point forward.

Q. okay. Now, according to the pleadings that I've reviewed from the Government, they also reference some antipolice textbooks or literature that was found during the execution of the search warrant of your home. Could you explain to the

- 1 Court whether or not there was such material and the reason
- 2 | for it?
- 3 A. So, there were. There were four books in total. I don't
- 4 remember all the titles. I do remember one. It was called,
- 5 "Our Enemies in Blue." But suffice it to say, they were all
- 6 | textbooks from UNM. My wife graduated from UNM, and they were
- 7 | a part of her courses, her last year courses. And we were
- 8 getting ready to move, so they were out on the kitchen table.
- **9** I'd never viewed them personally.
- **10** Q. And what was her major in college?
- 11 A. She graduated with a major in psychology and a minor in
- 12 | criminology.
- 13 | Q. And those textbooks related to that?
- 14  $\parallel$  A. They were.
- 15 MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, just briefly, at no point
- **16** In any part of our case have we alleged that the textbooks
- 17 | contributed to our feelings or investigative conclusions
- 18 | regarding Airman Justice. It was solely with regard to the
- 19 | materials that were downloaded as saved files to his phone. W
- 20 did not address his wife's textbooks.
- 21 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.
- MR. ROMERO: Thank you.
- 23 BY MR. ROMERO:
- 24 Q. So sort of pivoting off of Mr. Stanford's statement here,
- 25 | again, we come back to your social media or your phone

- 1 | material. Again, was any of this actually created by you?
- 2 A. Negative. No, sir.
- $\mathbf{3} \parallel \mathbf{Q}$ . And in addition to the reference to you having material
- 4 | that they find objectionable, which may or may not be accurate,
- 5 | regardless of your First Amendment right to possess it, was
- 6 there also significant material in your social media account
- 7 | that had nothing to do with any of these politically
- 8 | controversial subjects?
- **9** A. Absolutely. I devote my social media to my family,
- 10 primarily, especially with a young son. But yes, sir, there
- 11 was a plethora of stuff that was definitely nonpolitical and
- 12 | noncontroversial.
- 13 Q. How long have you been around firearms?
- 14  $\|A$ . Since the age of 18, since the legal age of 18.
- 15 Q. So, long before you joined the Air Force?
- **16** A. Absolutely, yes, sir.
- 17 Q. And you consider yourself a firearms hobbyist in that
- **18** | regard?
- 19  $\|A$ . A hobbyist, an enthusiast, yes, sir, absolutely.
- 20 Q. Okay. So separate from that, sir, during all this time
- 21 | that you've legally owned and possessed firearms, or handled
- 22 | firearms in the Air Force, been trained on firearms, again,
- 23 | have you ever espoused any belief coming out of your mouth, or
- 24 | anything that you've written, to harm or hurt anyone of any
- 25 | race or creed?

- $1 \parallel A$ . Not at all, no, sir. To nobody.
- 2 Q. And again, while you were on conditions of release in the
- 3 | first iteration of this case, you were fully compliant with
- 4 | those conditions?
- $5 \parallel A$ . Yes, sir.
- 6 MR. ROMERO: I'll pass the witness, Your Honor.
- **7** THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Mote.
- 8 MR. MOTE: May it please the Court.
- **9** THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- **11** | BY MR. MOTE:
- 12 Q. Senior Airman Justice, you're a senior airman in the Air
- **13** | Force?
- **14** | A. I am, yes, sir.
- **15** Q. And that's an E3, correct?
- **16** ∥ A. E4.
- 17 Q. E4? Okay, so you're above the E1s and E2s and E3s?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- **19** Q. So you've been promoted three times?
- **20** A. I joined as an E3, sir, and I'm currently an E4.
- **21**  $\|Q$ . Now, I'm just an old Marine, so if I use a term that
- 22 doesn't line up with the Air Force, let me know, okay?
- 23 A. Yes, sir, will do.
- **24**  $\|$ Q. In my experience, E1s and E2s traditionally stand duty.
- 25 Is that kind of the case in the Air Force?

- 1 A. Not necessarily. I know -- I think E4, is that a baby
- 2 sergeant in the Marine Corps, I think? Is that the proper way
- 3 to say that? They used to be in the Air Force. It's no longer
- 4 that way. So anymore, E4 and below is, I don't want to say
- 5 amalgamated to the same rank, but it pretty much is, generally.
- **6** Q. E1s, E2s and E3s all stand duty --
- **7** A. Yes, sir.
- **8** Q. -- is that correct?
- **9** A. Yes, sir.
- **10** Q. And they stand guard and they stand sentry?
- **11** | A. Yes, sir.
- 12 | Q. And your military training, it's your MOS, Military
- 13 Occupational Specialty; that's correct?
- **14** A. Yes, sir.
- **15** Q. And what is that technically? What is your MOS?
- 16 A. Mine's a 3PO. And past that point, it's skill status. So
- **17** I'm a 3PO51.
- 18 Q. Okay. And you talked earlier about the weapons training
- 19 you've received in the Air Force. Now, would you say under
- **20** | your MOS, you've received additional weapons training than the
- **21** | majority of the Air Force or airmen?
- 22 A. Yes, sir, considering the belt fed weapons, in particular.
- 23 | But everything else -- a finance member is going to get the
- 24 same pistol and rifle training that we do.
- 25 Q. And you talked about your training with the M4 platform;

- 1 | is that correct?
- 2 A. Yes, sir.
- **3** Q. And that's kind of the same thing as the civilian
- 4 | equivalent of the AR-15, correct?
- 5 A. Generally speaking, but there's quite a few distances.
- **6** Q. Why don't you please tell me what those differences are.
- 7 A. An M4 is shorter, select fire, capable of multiple rounds
- 8 per pull of the trigger. It collapses into a smaller profile.
- 9 | It's a generally lighter weapon. Made by Colt. It's
- **10** engineered specifically for longevity, for military service.
- **11** | Metallurgically, it's different.
- 12  $\|Q$ . Okay. But the AR-15 platform, I think the biggest
- 13 difference is that only fires in a semiautomatic capacity --
- 14 A. Correct.
- **15** 0. -- correct?
- **16** | A. Yes, sir.
- 17 Q. But the M16 and the -- or the M4, that can fire in a burst
- 18 | mode, correct?
- **19** A. It can.
- 20 | Q. All right. And there are certain platforms, variations of
- 21 | it, that can flip to full auto --
- **22** A. Right.
- 23 | Q. -- correct?
- 24 A. We don't have those. But, yes, sir, they are capable.
- 25 Q. But the civilian AR-15 is only a semiautomatic --

A. That's correct.

- Q. -- is that correct? But there are ways that you can3 convert a civilian AR-15 into a fully automatic rifle, correct?
  - A. It is possible. It requires some work, but it is possible.
- Q. Okay. And that can be done by filing down the selector7 switch on the --

MR. ROMERO: Objection, Your Honor. This is totally beyond the scope. I never went into the engineering skills of converting a semi-auto to an auto. I restricted the examination and tried my best to, Your Honor, to the issues that are here before the Court today, which is danger to the community and flight risk.

MR. MOTE: Your Honor, if I may respond.

THE COURT: Yes, go ahead.

MR. MOTE: The issue before the Court is danger to the community and flight risk. On direct examination, Senior Airman Justice was examined on his training on military weapons. He was also examined on the contents that were located on his phone, and I will get into that here in a moment, Your Honor, what exactly was located on his phone. But part of what was located on his phone were plans and means for which Senior Airman Justice could convert an AR-15 that he could find on the street into a fully automatic weapon. So I think that's definitely relevant for this Court's determination

on safety of the community, and the door was opened wide open by defense counsel on direct examination.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, I never discussed a specific download, a specific plan. Whatever he downloaded was stuff that is available publicly on the web. And the characterization that he downloaded some plan to convert a weapon from semi-auto to auto, and that he did it with a plan to do so, is complete hyperbole, speculation, and jumping to conclusions. Anybody can get on the web and type a recipe for converting this weapon to that weapon. That's not what this hearing is about, Your Honor.

The social media -- in terms of his weapons training, he's received the same basic weapons training that everybody in the military pretty much receives, and if that's the standard for danger to the community, then anybody and everybody who has served in the military would be found to be a danger to the community. I just think we're going way off of field into an area that I kept limited to, did he download these specific posts that had to do with alleged racist, Islamophobic positions. I didn't get into and did not discuss downloads having to do with converting, or his alleged plans to convert some weapon from semi-auto to auto. That was never brought up.

THE COURT: I'm going to allow you to inquire about his reasons for doing the various downloads and collecting a rather massive number of weapons.

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1
              MR. MOTE:
                         Thank you, Your Honor.
2
              THE COURT: You can get into that.
 3
                         Thank you, Your Honor.
              MR. MOTE:
4
    BY MR. MOTE:
 5
         Senior Airman Justice, as I was saying, there are ways
    that you can convert a civilian AR-15 semiautomatic rifle into
6
7
   a fully automatic rifle; is that correct?
         I believe so, according to what you see online, yes, sir.
8
    I've never done it.
9
         And in addition to what I could see online, you had
10
11
    photographs of plans and methods for how you can convert an
12
   AR-15 into a fully automatic rifle on your phone, correct?
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         what you call plans and methods, I call schematics.
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    Again, you mentioned E4, and as I mentioned, we used to call
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    buck sergeant --
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         The question that I asked you was, did you have plans or
17
    schematics, in your own words, of how to convert an AR-15
18
    civilian semiautomatic rifle into a fully automatic firearm on
19
    your phone?
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              MR. ROMERO: Objection, Your Honor. Can he answer
21
    the question? He was interrupted mid answer.
22
              MR. MOTE: Your Honor, I'm merely asking the witness
23
    to answer the question.
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              THE COURT: Well, let's get the record straight here.
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    Why don't you proceed with the questions you want to ask.
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- 1 objection brings up matters that you can cover on redirect.
- 2 Let's do it that way. You can go ahead.
- 3 MR. MOTE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 4 | BY MR. MOTE:
- **5** Q. Senior Airman Justice, as I was saying, did you have
- 6 photographs or schematics, using your own words, of how to
- 7 | convert a semiautomatic rifle, AR-15, into a fully automatic
- 8 | rifle on your phone? "Yes" or "no."
- **9** A. Yes, those do exist.
- **10** Q. Thank you. You also indicated that you had training with
- 11 | the 240, 249, and those are belt fed fully automatic weapons,
- 12 correct?
- 13  $\|A$ . They are.
- 14 Q. And you also had a photograph of a belt fed fully
- 15 | automatic weapon downloaded to your phone, correct?
- 16 A. Yes, sir, but there's more attached to that one that I
- 17 | think you should cover.
- 18  $\|Q$ . Please tell me, what else was attached to that?
- 19  $\|A$ . It's a political statement. It shows the belt fed
- 20 || firearm, and then it shows a marijuana leaf underneath it. I
- 21 know that's a big point of contention in our country right now.
- **22** Q. What else did it say on that photograph?
- 23 A. It says, "In a free country, you can own both."
- **24** Q. Okay.
- 25 A. Just a political statement.

- 1 Q. But in this country, you cannot, as a civilian, own a belt 2 fed weapon; is that correct?
  - A. You can, yes, sir.
- **4** Q. And how do you do that?
- 5 A. You have to apply for a Special Occupation Tax license, an 6 SOT license. There are various methods --
  - Q. Does --

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MR. ROMERO: Can he answer his question, Your Honor?

MR. GONZALES: Hold on, hold on. You all have to

stop talking over each other because the court reporter is not
going to be able to get everything. So don't start talking

over each other. Let each other finish your sentences.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, if I may, with regard to my objection, Mr. Justice was in the middle of his answer when he was interrupted.

THE COURT: I understand, and Mr. Gonzales has pointed out to everyone that you need to be respectful of the court reporter, in particular. She cannot take down multiple voices that are speaking simultaneously. So I'll ask that the person asking the question be able to complete the question before an objection is interposed, and that the witness not start responding to a question before the question is stated completely.

So let's go ahead with the next question. Wait for

- 1 the witness's answer to it. If there's an objection to it, you
- 2 can state the objection after the question. Go ahead.
- MR. MOTE: Yes, Your Honor. If I may, with the
- 4 Court's permission, I would like to fire up the Elmo and just
- 5 display that photograph. I think that would assist us in that.
- 6 THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 7 BY MR. MOTE:
- 8 Q. Senior Airman Justice, can you see the photograph that I9 have displayed on the Elmo there?
- **10** A. No, it's blacked out right here. Now I can, thank you.
- MR. MOTE: And just for the Court's record, what I am displaying is Document 23-1, Page 3 of 44 on the Elmo here.
- 13 Q. Senior Airman Justice, the photograph that we were just
- 14 referencing before the objection is the photograph displayed on
- 15 the right side of the screen, correct?
- 16  $\|A$ . It is that photograph, yes, sir.
- **17**  $\blacksquare$  Q. Okay. And what is that a photograph of?
- 18 A. Some belt fed machine gun, I'm not aware of which type,
- 19 and whether it's real or fake, I can't tell you, above a
- 20 picture of what appears to be a marijuana leaf.
- 21 | Q. Okay. Both of which are, other than if you apply and
- 22 receive a specific ATF license, both of which are illegal to
- 23 possess, correct?
- **24** A. That is correct.
- 25 MR. MOTE: I'm removing the photograph from the Elmo

- 1 here, but with the Court's permission, I'd like to keep it
- 2 fired up in case we need to address additional photos, Your
- 3 Honor.
- 4 THE COURT: All right.
- 5 MR. MOTE: Thank you. While we're here, Your Honor,
- 6 since I've got this fired up, I'll just go ahead and flip
- 7 | through a couple of these photographs that I had planned to ask
- **8** questions about.
- 9 BY MR. MOTE:
- **10** Q. Senior Airman Justice, can you still see that page that we
- **11** were just talking about?
- 12 A. I can, yes, sir.
- 13 Q. And what is that photograph on the left side of the screen
- **14** of?
- 15  $\|A$ . That is the bed of my pickup with a good friend of mine.
- 16 | It's black and white and kind of terrible to see over here, but
- 17 | it's of several firearms that I personally own in the bed of
- 18 | that pickup truck.
- **19** Q. So those are your firearms?
- **20** A. Yes, sir.
- **21**  $\|Q$ . And what is this picture? I've flipped over one page to
- 22 | Page 4 of 44 of the same document. What is this picture on the
- 23 | left?
- 24 A. That is a picture of a gentleman that used to work at my
- 25 unit. I do not know where he's at now. In or out of the

- 1 | military, I can't tell you. And he is holding up a rifle with
- 2 what appears to be a suppressor attached.
- $3 \parallel Q$ . Okay. And the suppressor that you're referencing, that's
- 4 | what's on the end of the firearm, correct?
- 5 A. That's what it appears to be, sir. Really, it's almost
- 6 | like all black on my screen.
- **7** Q. Did you take that photograph?
- **8** A. No, sir.
- **9** Q. But it was saved to your phone?
- 10  $\|A$ . I don't know, sir, if it was or was not.
- 11  $\|Q\|$ . Have you reviewed the phone rip that was done of your cell
- 12 phone? Have you reviewed the extraction, the contents of your
- 13 phone?
- 14 A. I believe so, sir. I'm confused what you're referring to.
- **15** | The phone rip?
- 16  $\mathbb{Q}$ . The extraction of the data from your telephone.
- 17 A. No, sir, I don't believe so.
- 18 ||Q|. You have not had an opportunity to review that?
- 19 ||A|. I do not think so, no, sir.
- 20 MR. MOTE: Let me have a moment, Your Honor.
- **21** | BY MR. MOTE:
- 22 Q. Senior Airman Justice, you just talked about a minute ago
- 23 the possibility of converting a civilian AR-15 into a fully
- **24** automatic weapon; is that correct?
- 25 A. That is correct.

I'm displaying more photographs, which it was 1 Q. Okay. 2 previously testified in the previous hearing that they were 3 extracted from your telephone, and these were saved to your 4 telephone. I'm looking at Page 7 of 44 there, Document 23-1. 5 what is that on the left and the right side of the screen? The left side, I can't tell. It looks like a bunch of 6 7 numbers and lines. I can't tell you what it is. Again, me 8 being a hobbyist, I don't dabble with this kind of stuff, you 9 know. It's a curiosity, but not something I take an active 10 pursuant interest in.

The right-hand side, once again, I can tell the bottom right-hand picture -- I'm just familiar with the bottom right-hand picture, because I'm familiar with the AR platform. I can tell you that's an AR. But the pictures above it, I can't tell you exactly what they are.

- Q. Senior Airman Justice, under oath today, is it your testimony that you did not download these photographs to your telephone?
- A. No, it's possible that I downloaded them, but the knowledge of what they are, I don't really know. And they also could have been part of a mass download. Quite often pictures that you find, or PDFs that you find like this, they're all compiled together. So if you've been searching for one particular picture, you get on Google Images, of course they're public, you go to the public image, and then you go to the

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- 1 page where that public image is found, and that page links back
- 2 to like a PDF. So these could have been a part of a bucket of
- 3 download that happened at a simultaneous time, you know, at the
- 4 | same time frame.
- 5 Q. Is it your testimony today that you downloaded these
- 6 photographs to your telephone, but you're not sure if you've
- 7 | ever looked at them?
- **8** A. Correct, yep.
- **9** Q. Are you familiar with the term lightning link?
- **10** A. No, sir.
- 11  $\|Q$ . I'm removing the photograph from the screen.
- 12 Senior Airman Justice, earlier you testified under oath
- 13 about your Instagram and your Facebook use; is that correct?
- **14** A. Yes, sir.
- 15 Q. And you stated that sometimes profiles, Instagram
- 16 profiles, can pop up on your screen based on communications
- 17 | that you have with others, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. Okay. And you testified that it's possible that these
- 20 photographs ended up on your phone without you downloading
- 21 | those photographs, correct?
- 22 A. That is correct.
- 23 Q. It's possible that you were able to, just by being on
- 24 | Instagram and the folks that you were linked with, that these
- 25 photographs appeared on the Instagram application based on your

- 1 | linkage to these people, correct?
- 2 A. My feed, I guess is what you would call it.
- Q. That's a great term, yes. So these showed up on your feed
  possibly just based on links?
- 5 A. Based on, yeah, interactions with other members that may6 have interacted with that post.
- Q. Okay. Senior Airman Justice, these were found in your
  saved photographs. So is it your testimony today that you did
  not screen-shot and save those photographs to your telephone?
- 10 A. There's quite a few of them that probably I did absolutely download, but there's some other ones that I do not recognize whatsoever, so I cannot testify that they were on my phone or that I ever viewed them, or anything else of that nature.
- **14** Q. Do other people download photographs onto your phone?
- 15 A. Not that I'm aware of, no, sir.
- 16 Q. Okay. And in order to -- it sounds like you're a

  17 technological guy. In order to save photographs from Instagram

  18 to your phone, you have to take an affirmative action to get

  19 those photographs into your photo album, correct?
- 20 A. There's probably a multitude of ways, but that's probably
  21 the most, in layman's terms, like regular way to do it, I would
  22 suppose, yes, sir.
- 23 Q. Thank you.
- **24** A. I'd hesitate to call me tech savvy.
- 25 Q. Thank you. Did you also have a bug out list, or a bug out

- **1** plan saved to your phone?
- 2 A. It was. It was just a general preparation list.
- **3** Q. What did you call that?
- 4 A. Preparation list, I suppose is what I would call it. I
- 5 don't remember the title of the exact list. But it wasn't made
- 6 with any intention of, you know, a particular catastrophe being
- 7 | in mind. Just a general, you know, cover-all, I suppose.
- **8** Q. Kind of a list of materials that you would need if you
- **9** | needed to bug out or leave out quickly?
- 10 A. Yes, sir. But also in that document, it also did
- 11 | include -- in fact, it said, assemble this list even if staying
- 12 | in, to indicate, you know, preparation for a possible pandemic,
- 13 or possible rioting and looting, which we're seeing actively
- **14** | today.
- 15 | Q. Okay.
- **16** A. I think it's just a military behavior.
- 17 Q. As a part of your training, have you ever undergone SERE
- **18** | training?
- 19 A. No, sir. The only SERE training we do is all
- 20 computer-based training or CBT based. We do go through SERE
- 21 | training, but it is a very quick and brief, like I said,
- **22** digital, computer-based training.
- 23 Q. Okay. And what is the purpose of that training?
- 24 A. A lot of things, I believe. One of them being just to
- 25 | vary your routes going home. You're a valuable member, so

- 1 you're being monitored by third parties, or could be. With the
- 2 assets I work with, maybe you're at increased risk of being
- 3 monitored, things of that nature. Just to mind your Ps and Qs,
- **4** ∥be prepared, have a plan, stuff like that.
- 5 Q. Learn how to survive and evade if you need to, correct?
- **6** A. I don't know. That's more hands-on stuff. A lot of this
- 7 | is just general when you're in the store, you know, if the same
- 8 gentleman is following you 15 aisles in a row, it's probably
- 9 | not a good sign, stuff like that. But not like surviving and
- 10 | evading in the woods or anything like that. No, that's not
- **11** covered with the computer.
- 12 Q. Okay. Your attorney earlier questioned you and he talked
- 13 | a bit about the pretrial confinement hearing that took place on
- 14 Kirtland Air Force Base. Now, that is totally separate to the
- 15 charges that you're facing here today. Can you please explain
- 16 the charge for which you were charged under the military
- 17 | justice system?
- 18 A. So, at the time, the pretrial release hearing was the same
- 19 exact charges.
- **20**  $\|Q$ . Okay. And that took place seven days after your arrest,
- **21** is what you testified to earlier?
- 22 A. The 26th of February, yes, sir.
- 23 Q. And the extraction of your phone that uncovered this mass
- 24 of materials did not occur until after this hearing had taken
- **25** place, correct?

- $1 \mid A$ . I'm not aware of the exact date, no, sir.
- Q. Okay. But the date of the hearing you said was seven days
- **3** after your arrest?
- **4** A. It was seven days, yes, sir.
- 5 | Q. Okay.
- 6 MR. MOTE: Your Honor, if I may have a moment to
- 7 | confer with co-counsel.
- 8 BY MR. MOTE:
- 9 | Q. Have you ever discharged a firearm in housing on Kirtland
- **10** | Air Force Base?
- 11 A. No, sir. A test shot was done with a blank, but not
- **12** ∥discharged with a projectile, no, sir.
- 13 | Q. But you discharged a firearm? It might have been a blank
- 14 round, but you discharged a firearm in base housing on Kirtland
- 15 Air Force Base, correct?
- **16** A. That is correct?
- 17 MR. MOTE: Your Honor, no further questions. Thank
- 18 | you.
- 19 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Romero.
- 20 MR. ROMERO: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 21 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 22 BY MR. ROMERO:
- 23 Q. Sir, after your pretrial confinement release hearing, is
- **24** | it fair to say from discussions you had with your counsel and
- 25 other people present that the OSI office was not happy with

- **1** your being released?
- 2 A. That is correct, sir.
- **3** Q. And after your release, CYFD or Family Advocacy came and
- 4 did a parental termination investigation with regard to your
- 5 one-year-old child; is that correct?
- **6** A. In fact, both did at separate times, yes, sir.
- **7** Q. And after CYFD and the military Family Advocacy did a
- 8 review and investigation of your competency as a parent, what
- **9** | did they determine?
- **10** A. Completely unfounded. Both departments, same result.
- 11 Q. Okay. Now, there's a lot of reference to photos and
- 12 schematics that were downloaded, either individually or as part
- 13 of a PDF larger dump of documents when you do such downloads.
- 14 As far as you know, were you committing any crime that you were
- 15 aware of when you did, if it was you that downloaded some of
- **16** these photos or schematics that are referenced?
- **17** A. No, sir.
- 18 Q. So with reference to some of this information, does it
- 19 again relate back to your interest in knowing about firearms
- **20** and being a firearms hobbyist?
- 21 A. It does, yes, sir, and the fact that I like to educate the
- 22 others that I work with. I think that's a big point of it, as
- 23 ||well.
- 24 Q. And with regard to the -- a long time ago I was in the
- 25 military, and we would talk about prep and bug out. Tell the

- Court a little bit more about what the military teaches about
  bug out and prep, and whether it's something unique to you and
  this case or it's something that's more widely taught in the
  military.
  - A. Funny enough, I think it's both, to a degree. I think everyone in the military is taught, you're a prime target in an ever-changing world, considering terror groups and things like that. You know, the people that want to watch you, watch your routes, watch what you do, what do you know.

Myself, more importantly, because of the assets I work with, we get regular OSI briefings every six months, I believe, updates to the threat level of the general area and things of that nature. I know we, as what we call nuke cops, are a little higher on the target list just because of what we work with, what do we know, and so it's more common to find people like myself, people that I work with, to just be more mindful of preparing for eventualities, I guess.

- Q. This bug out reference and having the bug out list, is that consistent or inconsistent, and part of or not part of your general military training?
- A. I think it's totally consistent. It is not a requirement, but I think it would be absolutely consistent to say that the majority would have some sense of planning like that.

MR. ROMERO: May I have a moment, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

## BY MR. ROMERO:

- 2 Q. So when you were released on conditions and compliant on
- 3 conditions of release, where were you working? Where were you
- **4** assigned?

- 5 A. I was assigned, as an alternate duty assignment, at the
- **6** chapel on base, the church.
- 7 Q. So you were, while your military case was pending and you
- 8 were on conditions of release, you were not allowed to return
- 9 | to your previous or regular job of being, excuse the
- **10** | terminology, a nuke cop?
- 11 A. That's correct, yes, sir. I don't know if I was barred,
- 12 | but I just know that I was given an alternate duty assignment.
- 13 Q. And you reported for duty as required?
- 14 A. Every day, yes, sir.
- 15 Q. Okay. And have you ever posted or discussed any kind of
- 16 sympathies or being a member of any white nationalist or
- **17** | Islamophobic association or group?
- **18** A. Not in the slightest, no, sir.
- 19  $\|Q$ . And again, with regard to the manifesto that's referenced
- **20** quite a bit, is that something that's publicly available and
- **21** downloadable on the web?
- **22**  $\|A$ . It is. That's how I got it, yes, sir.
- 23 Q. And are you aware and do you know other service members
- **24** who have downloaded the same manifesto?
- 25 A. At the time that the event occurred, sad to say, but we

did, a lot of us did download it. We took it upon ourselves, I
guess, to take it very seriously. I don't know if they still
do or not, but they did.

Q. And again, was the intent to do any harm to Muslims or Muslim Americans?

A. Not at all, no, sir.

MR. ROMERO: Thank you. I have no further questions.

THE COURT: Let me ask a few question, and counsel can follow-up if need be.

When I read the Pretrial Services Report, it stated that your wife, Beatrice Ottomanelli, indicated she is unable to serve as a third-party custodian because she has plans to move back to Melbourne with your son. Does your wife still live in Albuquerque, or where does she reside now?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir, she left four days after I was arrested federally, and she is in Melbourne, Florida, with her parents.

THE COURT: The report from Ms. Day, who is participating in this hearing, dated yesterday, says that the Defendant did not contact the Pretrial Services Office to give any new information or request the vetting of a potential third-party custodian, and then they conclude that without any new information, there does not appear to be any combination of conditions that will reasonably assure the appearance of the Defendant at court, or ensure the safety of the community. Do

you have in mind a custodian who would be responsible for you if you were to be released?

THE DEFENDANT: Sir, I've got several candidates, people that I would think -- people that I've served with in the past. I can't contact them, because I don't have their phone numbers, so I've entrusted my wife with that. I talked with her yesterday. She was supposed to get in contact with those four individuals, and I have not contacted her past that point to find out if that was --

THE COURT: Are those four individuals people who reside in Albuquerque?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. They all reside either on the installation or off the installation, but all within Albuquerque, yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Counsel, go ahead.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, if I may, just one quick follow-up on the Court's question.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, my understanding, and one of the reasons I know Mr. Justice has been in regular contact with his wife -- and we advised her not to get on a plane to come here because of the virus, and they have the one-year-old child. But according to Captain Saulter, and he could address this, he has the pending military justice proceeding, and one of the conditions, if he were to be released here, would be

that he would likely be returned to base.

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He was basically -- he has already reached his, I think they call it an EPS, his termination of his service contract, and he has been held back by the military in order for them to finalize and process the UCMJ case that is pending against him at the same time or concurrent with this case. And according to Captain Saulter, what would happen, or he believes would happen -- and he could address the Court more specifically -- is he would be returned to base in a dorm facility there, because he, as a result of being retained by 10 the military for processing of the UCMJ action that's pending, 12 they basically own him, in terms of being required to provide 13 for him and have a room and board for him, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Who would be his custodian in the dormitory circumstance?

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, I think that would all be a function of the chain of command in terms of putting conditions in place. But if I may, if I could have Captain Saulter address that as the SME, or the Subject Matter Expert with regard to that issue.

THE COURT: Sure, that's fine.

MR. MOTE: Your Honor, I would object to this individual providing testimony without being subject to cross-examination. If he's going to testify about the conditions under which the accused would be placed if he landed back in military custody, Your Honor, then I would request anopportunity to cross-examine him on his opinions on that.

THE COURT: Sure, you will be.

4 MR. ROMERO: And we have no objection, Your Honor.

5 Captain Saulter got express permission from his chain of

6 command to testify at this proceeding as a witness if

7 | necessary, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Let's go ahead and finish with

**9** Mr. Justice's testimony. Go ahead.

MR. MOTE: Thank you, Your Honor.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

12 BY MR. MOTE:

- 13 Q. Just briefly, have you been disciplined since you've been
- 14 | in jail? Have you been disciplined by the jail for getting a
- **15** | tattoo?

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- **16** A. No. sir.
- 17 Q. You testified on redirect with your defense counsel that
- 18 you had never discussed sympathies with any white nationalist
- **19** or racist movement; is that correct?
- 20 | A. Yes, sir.
- 21  $\|Q\|$ 0. Is it your testimony under oath today that you have never
- 22 | communicated with a person using the Instagram name Free Rope
- 23 | Rides?
- **24** A. I don't know who that person is, sir. Evidently there's
- 25 | multiple pages, because I've seen the headlines, so I don't

- 1 know which one you're referring to. There's a multitude of
- 2 pages. You're indicating there's a Free Rope Rides 3. I've
- 3 seen that indicated in the photos. I don't know, but in that
- 4 case there's probably a 1 and a 2 somewhere.
- 5 Q. Okay, hold on.
- 6 MR. MOTE: Your Honor, if I may have a moment.
- 7 BY MR. MOTE:
- **8** Q. And under oath today, have you ever communicated with
- **9** anyone that has Free Rope Rides in the Instagram profile title?
- 10 A. Communicate as in how, sir? Liking a post? Commenting on
- **11** a post? Interactions?
- 12 Q. Let's walk through those one by one. One, have you ever
- 13 | liked any of their posts?
- **14** A. To be honest, I don't know. I don't know.
- 15 Q. Two, have you ever screen-shotted any of their posts?
- 16 A. Again, I don't know. It's been so long since I've had a
- 17 phone, so I don't remember.
- 18 Q. Three, have you ever sent any messages via Instagram or
- **19** | Facebook to someone with that profile name?
- **20** A. It's possible I did, possibly not. I don't remember,
- **21** honestly. I do not recall.
- **22** Q. Okay.
- 23 MR. MOTE: No further questions. Thank you, Your
- 24 Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Mr. Romero, do you have any further

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questions?
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              MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor, I don't.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Justice, you may
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    have a seat back at the table.
 5
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
                          Okay, Mr. Romero, call your next witness.
 6
              THE COURT:
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              MR. ROMERO: Captain Saulter.
8
              THE COURT:
                          Please come forward and be sworn as a
    witness.
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              THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
11
              (ROBERT W. SAULTER, DEFENSE WITNESS, AFFIRMED)
12
                          DIRECT EXAMINATION
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    BY MR. ROMERO:
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         Captain Saulter, just for the record, please if you could
15
    state your full name and your title and where you're assigned.
16
               My name is Robert, W. is my middle initial, Saulter.
17
    Sierra Alpha Uniform Lima Tango Echo Romeo. I'm a captain in
18
   the United States Air Force. I'm stationed at Kirtland Air
19
    Force Base as the Area Defense Counsel.
20
        And in that capacity, when did you meet Charles Brent
21
   Justice?
22
         Roughly around the time of his arrest in February.
23
        Okay. And if you could, briefly summarize those initial
24
    charges, or I think in the military they're called
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specifications.

- $1 \mid A$ . There are both charges and specifications. So in the
- 2 | military system when you have a federal crime, a federal
- 3 | civilian crime that's not particularly outlined in the Uniform
- 4 Code of Military Justice, it can be captured under Article 134
- 5 of the UCMJ and assimilated essentially under that provision.
- 6 And at the pretrial confinement hearing, the silencer at issue,
- 7 | the silencer allegation, anyway, was one of the charges that
- 8 were examined by the Pretrial Confinement Review Officer.
- **9** Q. So they assimilated the Title 18 offense for which he is
- **10** here today?
- 11 A. Yes. And under the military system, you don't have to be
- 12 | formally charged to be at a pretrial confinement hearing. So
- 13 essentially, it's a rough estimation of the charges. They read
- 14 | it out. But the actual referral of charges, which is what in
- 15 your system you would consider the indictment or criminal
- 16 complaint, that doesn't come until potentially later.
- 17 | So at that time, they did reference those charges. It was
- 18 part of what was in front of the hearing. But he wasn't
- 19  $\parallel$  formally charged with anything until much later.
- **20** | Q. Okay. And you represented the Defendant at his pretrial
- **21** | confinement hearing?
- 22 A. Yes, I did.
- 23 Q. You sat here and listened to his recitation of the
- 24 | findings made by the commander. I believe it was Colonel
- 25 | Carlson; is that right?

- $1 \parallel A$ . Yes, sir, it was Colonel Carlson, who I believe is the
- 2 377th Maintenance Group Commander, MXG. He has been appointed
- **3** | by the base, the Wing Commander, Colonel Miller, to be the
- 4 | Pretrial Confinement Review Officer. Not specifically for
- 5 | Airman Justice's case, but for all cases where someone might be
- **6** placed in a pretrial confinement.
- **7** | Q. And after hearing all the evidence adduced by the command
- 8 | in support of their request for continued detention,
- 9 Colonel Carlson found that he should be released, the
- **10** Defendant?
- **11**  $\|$  A. Summarily from the bench.
- 12  $\|Q$ . Okay. And just briefly, since we have you here, was the
- 13 command upset about that?
- **14** A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And how do you know that?
- 16  $\|A$ . I talked to them right after the hearing. Both the
- 17 Lt. Colonel Commander and the First Sergeant had testified, as
- 18 | well as several OSI agents, in hopes of having Senior Airman
- 19 | Justice retained in pretrial confinement.
- 20 Q. And I'm asking you under oath, in your opinion, did the
- 21 | witnesses on behalf of the command testify inaccurately or
- 22 | falsely with regard to their attempt to keep Defendant Justice
- 23 | detained?
- 24 A. If I could ask you just to repeat that one more time.
- **25** Q. Well, there was a reference to Wish.com; is that correct?

A. Yes.

1

- O. Tell the Court about that.
- $\mathbf{3} \parallel \mathsf{A}$ . So, part of what was at issue at the pretrial confinement
- 4 | hearing was the search of Airman Justice's house, and pursuant
- 5 to that search, there was an affidavit for probable cause.
- 6 They wanted to search his house and every little nook and
- 7 | cranny, so they said in the affidavit that there was some
- 8 | evidence that he was using the dark web and cryptocurrency to
- 9 | import things from China.
- 10 At the pretrial confinement hearing, the agent that
- 11 | testified regarding that confirmed that they were aware of
- 12 | Wish.com, and that Wish.com is an American website and that it
- 13 | is not part of the dark web.
- 14  $\|Q\|$ 0. Just to clarify, in the affidavit they indicated that he
- 15 was utilizing a dark website and cryptocurrency in support of
- 16 | the search warrant?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18  $\|Q\|$ . And it turned out that Wish.com was the website at issue,
- **19** and it is not a dark website, correct?
- 20 A. Correct. Like many American-based websites, they fulfill
- 21 orders with parts from China and other countries, but it is in
- 22 | no means a website like Silk Road or other dark websites where
- 23 you can purchase illicit materials. I'm sure you can purchase
- 24 | something illegal on Amazon, but it doesn't make it a dark
- 25 Website.

- Q. And then with reference to the search, itself, was there
  an issue that came up during the hearing that you testified at
  regarding the proximity of the lawfully owned or purchased
  firearms to toys?
- A. Yes. So at the hearing, one of the agents that testified was shown several photos of firearms next to plastic children's toys, and there was an illusion made that that's where those firearms were kept and that the child was somehow in danger.

  On cross-examination, the agent admitted that he had placed those firearms next to the plastic toys to make them look worse.
  - MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, we are fairly far afield of danger to the community and flight risk at this point.
    - MR. ROMERO: I'll move on, Your Honor.
- MR. STANFORD: I'm confused as to what we're talking about.
- THE COURT: Mr. Romero is going to something else, I quess.
- 19 MR. ROMERO: I'll move on, Your Honor.
- 20 BY MR. ROMERO:

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- **21**  $\|Q$ . I believe once you secured, after the hearing,
- 22 Mr. Justice's release, is it your understanding based on your
- 23 | contact and communication with him that he was in full
- **24** compliance with those conditions of release?
- 25 A. One hundred percent.

- Q. And he stayed in contact with you?
- 2 A. Yes. Without revealing any client confidential
- 3 communication, we prepared for his case. I communicated with
- 4 | both him and his wife about the pending CYFD issues that had
- 5 | been brought. I helped him prepare for the expiration of the
- 6 term of his service. So there was plenty of coordination going
- 7 on between us, as well as the fact that his wife was
- 8 considering going to Florida because of the expiration of his
- 9 term of service.

- 10 Q. Should the Court in this case fashion conditions of
- 11 | release for the Defendant, what would that possibly or likely
- 12 | entail with regard to what would occur to him in the pending
- 13 | military case?
- 14 A. So, he's still pending military charges. There was a
- 15 | preliminary hearing a couple of weeks ago that concluded.
- 16 | There's currently a probable cause determination that's yet to
- 17 | be found. That should be coming this Friday. But assuming
- 18 that the Government chooses to go forward with those charges,
- 19 they would put him on an administrative hold that would
- 20 | indefinitely extend his enlistment in the military, and then he
- 21 | would be moved back to Kirtland Air Force Base.
- 22 Several of his friends testified at the pretrial
- 23 | confinement hearing, and I'm certain one of them would likely
- 24 | allow him to live in their house, or else he would be given a
- 25 dorm room, would be my next guess. I have several clients

- under these kind of circumstances, not because they're being
  restricted to the dorms, but they are offered the opportunity
  to utilize the dorms if they give up their BAH, which he's
  currently not getting paid at all.
- Q. And if he were to leave at any time from the base, or return in an unauthorized manner, would that, given the
  security posture of the base, would that be something that
  would be able to be documented or verified?
  - A. Absolutely. Again, I have roughly 300 clients on the base facing a variety of charges, plus another 20 or 30 bases across the Air Force. Essentially -- I even have one client that's coded as a deserter. But they will find you wherever you go. When I was a prosecutor, somebody tried to go to Canada and seek asylum, which didn't work out too well.

But, yes, they will find you anywhere in the world that you go, and it will be noticed. He does have to report to work every single day and will be maintaining accountability, just like any other member, and probably even more so. As a lot of my clients are pending charges, the unit is very active in making sure they have accountability on those members.

Q. So finally, as a military member, somebody who has been put on administrative hold and retained in the military pending the final processing of the UCMJ proceeding, he would be required to work, report to work, stay likely at a base dorm or base housing, and accountability would be verified through that

process; is that fair? 1 2 Α. Yes, just like all of my other clients, yes. 3 MR. ROMERO: Pass the witness. THE COURT: Let me ask another question. What if 4 Mr. Justice is convicted of the military charges? What happens 5 6 then? 7 Just because he's convicted -- the THE WITNESS: 8 charges that he's facing do have a potential for a punitive 9 discharge, but I wouldn't say that they -- they do not have -we don't have minimums. Most of my clients do not receive 10 11 punitive discharges, which typically means that they serve any confinement time they might have, they go back to their unit, 12 **13** they in-process, and then either they're administratively 14 discharged, or in this case because Airman Justice has already **15** reached his EPS, he would essentially be out of the military 16 once those charges are resolved. **17** But I have cases where military members are held two 18 or three years for their court-martial on administrative holds. 19 They can extend them as long as they want. THE COURT: Well, if he's convicted of the military 20 21 charges, what is the maximum punishment? 22 Depends on the forum. Currently the THE WITNESS: 23 preliminary hearing officer, which is a neutral JAG that 24 presided over the hearing a few days ago, can recommend a

The charges that Airman Justice are facing, since the

forum.

silencer NFA charges were removed, are charges that I think

it's very possible will be a recommendation for a special

court-martial, which is essentially a misdemeanor level offense

with a one-year maximum.

I think if you actually add up the maximum punishments, if it's at a general court-martial -- I don't want to speak too far out of turn, but the violation of an order, I believe that you have three months or six, and then the stolen property ones are a couple of years, depending on how that plays out, because it's military property. But that's at issue, as well. I think there's a good chance that at least one of those charges will be found to not have probable cause when the report drops on Friday.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. MOTE: Thank you, Your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

**17** | BY MR. MOTE:

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- 18 Q. Captain Saulter, good afternoon. How do you pronounce 19 your last name?
- 20 A. Saulter, like pepper.
- 21 Q. Okay. I just wanted to make sure I was doing that 22 correctly.
  - Captain Saulter, just before we go any further, you testified a minute ago that the maximum punishment for an violation, the order violation, is three or six months. Is

- 1 | there anything that could help you be a little more sure about
- 2 your answer on that? Would viewing the maximum punishments
- 3 table in the UCMJ help you with that?
- 4 A. Depends on if that's the 2016 or the 2019 version.
- 5  $\mathbb{Q}$ . This is the 2019 version.
- **6** | A. That would be helpful.
- 7 | Q. Okay.
- 8 MR. MOTE: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?
- **9** THE COURT: Yes.
- **10** MR. MOTE: All right.
- 11 THE WITNESS: I rarely see these in courts-martial.
- 12 MR. MOTE: Just for the Court's record, I have handed
- 13 the witness a copy of the 2019 UCMJ, which includes a max
- **14** punishment table there.
- 15 THE WITNESS: So I see here where you underlined two
- 16 | years, but that's for a general order regulation. I want to
- 17 | say that he's charged with failure to obey a lawful order,
- 18 | which is six months. I could be wrong on that, though. I
- 19 | haven't looked at his charge sheet. I work with too many
- 20 clients.
- 21 MR. MOTE: Okay. May I approach the witness to
- 22 retrieve?
- THE COURT: You may.
- 24 BY MR. MOTE:
- 25 Q. Captain Saulter, you talked a lot about the possibilities,

- 1 and the possibilities of what would occur to Mr. Justice if he
- 2 is released from confinement and returned to military control.
- 3 | If he is returned to military control, would you agree with me
- 4 | that he would be the responsibility of the commanding officer
- 5 of his unit and/or the base?
- 6 A. Correct, unless he goes to confinement. Then he's owned
- 7 by the Air Force Security Forces Center.
- **8** Q. Okay. But that's a totally different determination. If
- 9 this Court releases him, he would go back to the control of the
- 10 commanding officer of his unit or the commanding officer of his
- **11** | base, correct?
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 Q. And have you spoken with the commanding officer that would
- 14 be in charge of him if he were to be released today about his
- **15** willingness to serve as a third-party custodian?
- 16 A. I would not have asked his commander that question, as a
- 17 | third-party custodian, given that there were other potential
- 18 | options.
- 19 Q. Okay. And it's fair to say that if Senior Airman Justice,
- 20 | let's say, is released back to military control and he were to
- 21 go out and do something, that the responsibility of him,
- 22 | though, would fall onto the commander of his unit or the base,
- 23 || correct?
- 24 A. I think everyone in his chain of command, yes.
- 25 Q. Okay, thank you. So he has not been made aware of your

- 1 request to release him back to military control, the commanding
- 2 officer?
- **3** A. He has many times over. I have submitted probably 50
- 4 | requests to have the prosecutions here that are concurrent be
- 5 | brought together so that he would be either released from the
- **6** | military or released out of detention.
- **7** Q. Right, but that wasn't the question I asked, Captain
- 8 | Saulter. It was, is he aware that you are here today asking
- **9** the Court to release him back to military control?
- **10** A. Not here today, but generally, yes. I have talked to him
- 11 | specifically about releasing him to military control.
- 12 Q. Okay. And there are things within the UCMJ, methods of
- 13 pretrial restriction, right?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 | Q. Different ones, and that's what is Article -- what is it?
- **16** | R.C.M. 304?
- 17 A. Yes. That's pretrial restraint, generally.
- 18 Q. Pretrial restraint. But that determination has to be made
- **19** by the commanding officer, correct?
- 20 A. A commanding officer, not necessarily the -- but, yes, a
- **21** commanding officer.
- 22 Q. So if the Court were to release him today, it's up to the
- 23 commanding officer to determine what level of restriction he
- 24 places on Senior Airman Justice, correct?
- 25 A. To his chain of command, yes.

- 1 | Q. Okay, thank you. And in that same vein, when we're
- 2 talking about pretrial restrictions, usually that requires a
- 3 | military member to have constant supervision. Is that fair to
- **4** | say?
- 5 A. Not necessarily. So sometimes, like with Airman Justice,
- 6 you go to an alternate duty location, or I've had clients that
- 7 | had to do once-a-day text ins, and I've also had clients that
- 8 | are restricted to base, but they're not required to check in
- 9 with anyone.
- **10** Q. So differing levels of control when you talk about some
- 11 | semblance of pretrial restriction, there are different levels
- 12 || of control?
- 13  $\|A$ . There can be.
- 14 | Q. Okay. Now, anybody that's been on a military base knows
- 15 | that when you go on the military base, usually you have to show
- **16** | an ID to get onto the base, correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- **18** Q. Do you have to do any of that when you leave?
- 19 | A. No.
- 20 Q. Okay. Now, Captain Saulter, you testified that you're
- 21 | the -- is it the Area Defense Counsel?
- **22**  $\|A$ . Yes. I've actually been kind of in limbo right now.
- 23 | Because of the COVID stuff, I'm supposed to be a Circuit
- 24 | Defense Counsel, which is a supervisory position for that.
- 25 | But, yes, right now I am currently the Area Defense Counsel for

- 1 Kirtland Air Force Base.
- 2 Q. So that means you're -- now, if I say this wrong, correct
- 3 | me. You're qualified and certified under Article 27 Bravo of
- 4 | the UCMJ, and sworn under 42 Alpha as a Judge Advocate; is that
- 5 correct?
- **6** A. That is correct.
- **7** Q. And to get that certification, you went to an 11-week
- **8** training, correct?
- **9** A. As well as -- it used to be that you got the certification
- 10 out of that 11-week training, but that is not the case any
- 11 | longer. When I went through, you had to get recommended by
- 12 your Staff Judge Advocate as well as a couple of military
- 13 | judges. So that happened for me when I was at Minot Air Force
- **14** | Base.
- 15 Q. Great. And so currently, the closest analogy is you're
- 16 | Senior Airman Justice's defense counsel; is that correct?
- 17 A. Yes. I represent him for military justice matters.
- 18 Q. And as his defense counsel, you have a duty to zealously
- **19** advocate on his behalf?
- 20 | A. Yes, I do.
- **21**  $\|Q\|$ . Both in and outside of the military courtroom?
- 22 A. Theoretically, yes.
- 23 Q. Okay. And your tag line on your emails is, "Better call
- **24** | Saulter," correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Is that a reference to an unscrupulous defense attorney in
- 2 | a popular television TV show?
- **3** A. It's a reference to a television show that's based in
- 4 | Albuquerque. As a criminal defense lawyer, I was placed by the
- 5 Air Force in Albuquerque, New Mexico, so yes, it's a play on
- **6** that terminology.
- 7 | Q. Okay. And as you're zealously representing the client,
- 8 | again, that zealous advocacy extends both in and outside the
- **9** | military courtroom?
- 10 A. I zealously represent my clients to the maximum extent
- 11 | that I am allowed under both my Texas State Bar rules as well
- 12 as the Air Force Uniform Rules of Practice.
- 13 Q. Okay. And as you testified today, you are his detailed
- **14** defense counsel?
- 15 A. I am his detailed defense counsel, as well as
- 16 Lt. Colonel Nicholas McCue, who is the Chief Circuit Defense
- 17 Counsel for the Western Circuit, Travis Air Force Base in
- 18 California.
- 19 MR. MOTE: No further questions, Your Honor.
- **20** THE COURT: Mr. Romero, anything else?
- 21 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 22 BY MR. ROMERO:
- 23 Q. Captain Saulter, in this case or any other case, have you
- **24** ever found to be unscrupulous?
- 25 A. No.

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              MR. ROMERO: Thank you.
2
              THE COURT: Thank you, Captain Saulter. You may have
 3
    a seat back at the table.
4
              THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: Does the defense have any other
 6
    witnesses?
7
              MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor.
8
              THE COURT: And what about the Government?
9
              MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, I've got to re-call
10
               I'm sorry, Your Honor. There's some things that
    Sorenson.
11
    were touched on that need to be clarified.
12
              THE COURT: All right. Please ask him to come
13
    forward.
14
              MR. STANFORD: The United States calls Special Agent
15
    Nathaniel Sorenson.
16
              THE COURT: Please raise your right hand and be sworn
17
   as a witness.
18
              (NATHANIEL SORENSON, GOVERNMENT WITNESS, SWORN)
19
                          DIRECT EXAMINATION
20
    BY MR. STANFORD:
21
         Will you tell me about your job at the Air Force for the
22
    Court's edification?
23
        Yes, sir. I'm a Special Agent with the Office of Special
24
   Investigations, Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico.
25
         And what disciplines does the Office of Special
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- 1 | Investigations oversee as a part of their investigations?
- 2 A. We conduct felony level criminal investigations as well as
- **3** counterintelligence and force protection operations.
- 4 Q. A moment ago, it was raised in testimony that Airman
- 5 Justice did not receive any unusual training in his capacity, I
- 6 think they called it the Wing on Kirtland Air Force Base. Do
- **7** you recall that?
- **8** A. I believe I know what you're speaking of, sir, yes.
- **9** Q. Are you aware of some specialized training that Airman
- 10 Justice has received as a member of the Security Forces
- **11** | squadron?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Can you describe that training for the Court?
- 14  $\|A$ . So, Security Forces members start their military life, if
- 15 | you will, the same as most members -- most enlisted members,
- 16 | that is, and go into basic military training. During basic
- 17 | military training is where every military member is trained on
- 18 the use of the M16, at the time I went through. Maybe it is
- 19 the M4 now. But it is a rifle platform.
- 20 Upon graduation of basic military training, they go to a
- 21 | technical school, and in Airman Justice's case, that would have
- 22 | been a Security Forces technical school. So only Security
- 23 Forces members go to that, not every Air Force member. And
- 24 throughout that tech school, they fire every weapon which he
- 25 | did describe; the 249 belt fed machine gun, the 240 belt fed

machine gun, the M16, the M4, the M9 handgun. And that is specific to their training.

As well, when they get to their first duty station, they do ongoing yearly qualifications on those firearms. Maybe not all of them, but a specified amount of them. At least the M4 rifle and the M9 pistol. And other members get qualified on the more special weapons systems, such as the belt fed machine guns. So not every member does that.

And as well, I don't recall if it's on a quarterly basis or a biannual basis, but Security Forces members specifically go through what's called a force-on-force training. What that is, is a simunition training where they use training and ammo that usually commonly shoots some sort of a paintball or some less than lethal way to train where they actually engage oppositional forces for a training environment. And that is specific to Special Forces members, Security Forces members, as well as OSI agents, and not every Air Force member receives that type of training.

- Q. That's highly specialized training?
- 20 A. It is specialized.
- Q. Is it within the scope of his duties to research active
- 22 | shooters?

- $\|A$ . It is not.
- Q. Is it within the scope of his duties to research how to
- 25 | make improvised explosive devices?

- $\mathbf{1} \parallel A$ . It is not.
- Q. Does he, in fact, receive Air Force training on how to recognize and handle improvised explosive devices and other bombs?
- 5 Yes, sir. On a biennial basis, so every other year, airmen go to a training where they're trained on identifying 6 7 what's called a UXO, which is an unidentified explosive device 8 or something of that nature, as well as they're usually shown a 9 slide-show, from my recollection the last time I did it, and it shows different types of IEDs which have been found in overseas 10 11 environments, to show airmen the types of signs they need to be 12 looking for.

And as well, on a biennial basis, just before going to this training, airmen are required to take a cyber-based training which covers a lot of the same matter, and at the end of that training there's also a test to ensure that they retained that knowledge.

- Q. So it may be presumed that he's familiar with improvised explosive devices?
- 20 A. I would say so, yes, sir.
- **21** Q. There was also a mention that he had -- I confused myself.
- 22 He said he had screen shots that he downloaded to his phone,
- 23 and he said he had materials that he may or may not have
- 24 downloaded to his phone. Did you look at the materials on his
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phone?

- $1 \parallel A$ . I did, sir.
- 2 Q. And can you tell the Court, were those things that could
- 3 | have accidently been saved to his phone?
- **4** A. Sir, to my experience, and I am not a digital forensics
- 5 expert, but in my experience using a cell phone --
- 6 MR. ROMERO: Objection, Your Honor.
- **7** THE COURT: You're saying he's not an expert?
- 8 MR. ROMERO: Correct, Your Honor.
- 9 MR. STANFORD: He's not testifying as an expert, Your
- 10 Honor.
- 11 | THE COURT: Let him go ahead and say what he
- 12 personally knows.
- 13 MR. STANFORD: Thank you.
- 14 A. My personal knowledge of using a cell phone, I've never
- 15 once had a photograph accidently or some other way saved to my
- 16 phone. It's always been a choice by myself.
- **17** Q. Do you own a cell phone?
- 18 | A. I do.
- **19** Q. Have you taken a screen shot?
- **20** A. I have.
- 21 Q. Does it require some intentional input by you to take a
- 22 || screen shot?
- 23  $\|A$ . It takes an affirmative action.
- 24 Q. Thank you. Did you personally review what has been called
- 25 the bug out list found on his phone?

- **1** A. I did.
- 2 Q. What was it called on his phone?
- **3** A. The title of it was The SHTF Checklist.
- 4 | Q. Have you encountered those initials regarding a similar
- 5 | list in your training and experience?
- **6** A. Not to my recollection.
- **7** Q. Okay. Do you know what those initials stand for?
- 8 A. I'm guessing Stuff Hit The Fan, or some other profanic 9 version.
- **10** Q. It's okay to say it. Shit Hits The Fan.
- **11** | A. Yes, sir.
- 12 Q. Have you heard that term before?
- 13 | A. I have.
- **14** Q. Where have you heard that term before?
- 15 A. Through conversations, sir. I can't recall a specific
- 16 time that I've actually heard that.
- 17 Q. Okay. Did you find the list to be consistent with what
- 18 you might expect to find an airman to have? Do most airmen
- **19** have bug out or Shit Hits The Fan lists like that?
- 20 MR. ROMERO: Objection, Your Honor. Leading.
- 21 MR. STANFORD: I'll ask it again.
- THE COURT: All right, try it again.
- 23 BY MR. STANFORD:
- **24** Q. In your experience, do most airmen have that kind of a
- 25 | list that they carry around with them?

- 1 A. I've reviewed multiple cell phones of airmen, and I've
- 2 | never found a list of that sort.
- Q. Are airmen that live on base required to abide by firearm 4 storage regulations?
- $5 \parallel A$ . They are.
- Q. Is one of those regulations that they have to sign anacknowledgment that if you live on base, you must register
- **8** | firearms?
- 9 A. More or less, sir, yes. There's an installation policy
  10 that if you are going to live in the on-base residences, there
- 11 is a form that you need to fill out putting the make, model and
- 12 serial number of the firearms that you intend to store within
- 13 that home, and also gain the approval of your chain of command
- 14 to do so. And then that form needs to get filed with the
- 15 Security Forces Armory.
- **16** Q. And was Airman Justice made aware of that requirement?
- **17** | A. He was.
- 18 Q. Is it particularly difficult to gain permission to store
- **19** | firearms in your base residence?
- 20 A. It's not, sir. It's a very simple process. Like I said,
- 21 | it's just a general form you fill out. You put the make, model
- 22 and serial number, you take it to your chain of command and
- 23 gain their approval, and then generally you don't even have to
- 24 take it down in person, you can just email the form. Sometimes
- 25 the Armory wants to verify the serial numbers, but it kind of

- 1 depends on who is running that program at that time.
- 2 Q. So it sounds like they're pretty much approved out of
- 3 | hand.
- **4** A. More or less, sir. Generally military members are
- 5 trustworthy enough to keep firearms in their home.
- **6** Q. How many firearms were found in Airman Justice's home?
- **7** A. Approximately 17, sir.
- **8**  $\|Q$ . Were any of them registered?
- **9** A. No, sir.
- 10 | Q. There has been testimony about the military hearing that
- 11 resulted in Airman Justice being released. Are you aware of
- **12** ∥that hearing?
- 13 A. I am.
- **14** Q. Were you, in fact, present for it?
- **15** | A. I was.
- 16 Q. And you were the one who found the materials on his phone,
- 17 | correct?
- 18  $\parallel$  A. I was, sir.
- 19  $\|Q$ . On the day of the hearing, when the witness testified on
- 20 his behalf, had the materials on his phone been discovered yet?
- 21 A. They had not, sir.
- 22 Q. So was anyone who testified at the hearing aware of the
- 23 materials on his phone?
- **24** A. I assume that would have only been Senior Airman Justice,
- 25

sir.

- 1 Q. And was the hearing officer made aware of the materials on
- 2 his phone when he approved Airman Justice's release?
- **3** A. I do not believe he was.
- 4 Q. So the conditions of release would then have been set
- 5 | without the benefit of that knowledge, correct?
- **6** A. That's correct.
- 7 Q. Do you happen to know the date of his mental health
- **8** | evaluation?
- 9 A. I do not recall the specific date, sir.
- 10 MR. STANFORD: That's all I have, Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Mr. Romero.
- 12 MR. ROMERO: May I have a moment, Your Honor?
- 13 THE COURT: Yes.
- 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 15 BY MR. ROMERO:
- 16  $\|Q\|$ . Agent Sorenson, with regard to the alleged failure of
- 17 Mr. Justice to register his weapons with the installation, he
- 18 has not been found guilty of that offense; isn't that correct?
- 19 A. Not as of yet.
- 20 | Q. And you indicated, I believe, that this was a downloadable
- **21** | installation defense -- what did you call it?
- 22 A. Sir, I don't recall stating that it was downloadable.
- 23 Maybe I did. But it was a form that is given to the members
- 24 when they seek being able to store these weapons. And I think
- 25 | every squadron or unit is probably different in whether a First

- Sergeant or some supervisor has it on hand, or whether theycontact the Armory to receive it.
- Q. Agent Sorenson, you have no evidence that Mr. Justice was ever provided the form, that he ever acknowledged the existence of the policy, and in fact, it's a For Official Use Only
- policy, which would not be something that he would be able to
  download at all; isn't that correct?
- 8 A. I would have to answer your question in a couple of
   9 different parts, sir. Can you, if possible -- you asked me a
   10 few different questions. Would it be possible to ask those one
   11 at a time?
- Q. well, you have no proof through a sign-in sheet of him receiving a briefing with regard to this policy, do you?
- 14 A. I do not have a sign-in sheet wherein he acknowledged this.
  - Q. That's common when you're being briefed on policies that are subject to UCMJ prosecution or administrative disciplinary action, that you have to have an acknowledgment from the airman or soldier in order to prove notice, in order to then prosecute that soldier or airman; isn't that correct?
- A. Well, sir, when he agreed to live on Kirtland Air Force
  Base, he signed a lease agreement, as is common when you're
  going to take a rental property. In that lease agreement, it
  is specified that if you are going to be storing firearms in
  your on-base residence, you need to register them with the

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- $1 \parallel$  Armory, or something to that nature, to which he initialed next
- 2 to it at the time of his moving in. So I would say we do have
- 3 proof of that, sir.
- **4** Q. Of the registration requirement?
- **5** A. Absolutely, sir.
- **6** Q. He has not been convicted of that offense?
- 7 A. Not as of yet.
- **8** Q. Okay. And do you have that lease with you?
- **9** A. I do not.
- **10** Q. How long have you been an agent?
- 11 A. Since November of 2018.
- 12 Q. So how many actual phones have you exacted as part of your
- 13 | time as an agent with OSI?
- 14 A. To my recollection, sir, what I can recall right now, it
- 15 would be seven.
- **16** Q. And you indicated with regard to Mr. Justice's specialized
- 17 | firearms training that he received firearms training that is
- 18 | beyond what your basic trainee receives and it is equivalent
- 19 with what Special Forces or OSI forces receive. Is that a fair
- 20 | characterization?
- 21 A. It is not, sir. No, I did not say it was equal or
- 22 | equivalent, I just stated that the type of training that I
- 23 | specified during the answering of that question is limited to
- 24 those three or four career fields that I mentioned. But I did
- 25 | not say they are equal.

- 1 Q. Well, in any event, the OSI career field is one of the
- 2 | largest career fields in the Air Force, is it not?
- $\mathbf{3} \mid A$ . It's actually one of the smallest, sir. That's definitely
- 4 not the truth.
- **5** Q. How many thousands of OSI personnel, or technically
- **6** trained personnel are there in the Air Force?
- **7** | A. Last count I recall, sir, was just under 2500.
- **8** ||Q. And does that include Mr. Justice's career field, it falls
- **9** under the OSI umbrella?
- **10** A. No, sir, it does not.
- **11** | Q. How many are those, approximately?
- 12 A. I would guess in the tens of thousands, but I don't know
- 13 | for sure.
- 14  $\|Q\|$ . Okay. So he is one of tens of thousands of similarly
- 15 | trained airmen?
- 16 A. That's accurate.
- 17  $\|Q$ . Okay. Now, you testified at the pretrial confinement
- **18** | hearing; is that correct?
- 19  $\|$ A. Yes, sir.
- **20**  $\|Q$ . Okay. And did you testify, or did you include in the
- 21 affidavit in support of the search warrant that the Wish.com
- 22 | website was a dark website?
- 23 A. No, sir, that was not listed in our affidavit. We did not
- 24 | say that Wish.com was a dark website in that affidavit.
- 25 | Q. Well, where did you --

- $1 \parallel A$ . I also assume we're speaking of the military pretrial
- 2 | confinement hearing?
- **3** Q. Yes.
- 4 A. Because this is the third one I've testified in. So, just
- 5 clarifying.
- **6** Q. Did you or anybody representing OSI in the course of your
- 7 | investigation of Mr. Justice refer to Wish.com as a dark
- 8 website in support of the investigation or charges brought
- **9** against Mr. Justice?
- 10 A. Nowhere in the affidavit did we state that Wish.com,
- 11 | itself, is a dark website.
- 12 | Q. What did you state? You used the term dark website?
- 13 A. I'm not sure what your question is. Is the term dark web
- **14** | in the affidavit?
- 15 Q. Yes.
- **16** A. I believe it's mentioned.
- **17** Q. Okay.
- 18  $\|A$ . But at no point was it the basis of our search. It was
- 19 | just stating that when people commonly order illegal silencers
- 20 | from overseas, dark web is one of the avenues that they may
- 21 commonly use. So it was referenced as that, as a reference.
- 22 But it was not the basis for our search, and it was not what we
- 23 | based our probable cause off of.
- 24 | Q. It did not apply in this case, correct? There was no dark
- **25** | website involved?

- 1 A. We did not find any evidence that Charles Justice was2 ordering things --
  - Q. Nor was there any cryptocurrency?

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reference.

- A. Yeah, also on that, cryptocurrency is referenced with the dark web in the affidavit, but at no point was it the basis of our search or the basis of our probable cause. It was referenced through our collaboration with HSI and AFT and what they have experienced in their law enforcement training. At no point was that the basis of our search, but I do believe it was mentioned at some point in the affidavit, as some sort of a
- 12  $\|Q$ . You just threw it in there?
- 13 A. I didn't throw it in there. I didn't even draft the affidavit.
  - MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, the runner is well outside of the baseline here. Those terms are exciting terms, dark web and cryptocurrency. They in no way relate to the United States' prosecution, and they do not bear on his dangerousness or flight risk. It's just nothing to do with this, Your Honor.

MR. ROMERO: I'll move on, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me ask first, Mr. Stanford, what is your strongest case with respect to dangerousness?

MR. STANFORD: Are you asking me to make my closing?

THE COURT: Yes, I'd like to hear it now before we continue, unless I'm going to hear some testimony about it.

You don't have to go into any detail, just one, two, three, 1 2 four, what are your strongest points. 3 MR. STANFORD: That's not how I've organized my 4 presentation, Your Honor. Really, this has all been covered 5 below where the Magistrate found that he was dangerous and a flight risk, and the United States Probation Office has twice 6 7 found the same thing. 8 THE COURT: We're about to hear from Sandra Day, the Probation Officer, after the testimony is completed, but I just 9 want a general picture of what you think makes Mr. Justice a 10 11 danger to the community. 12 MR. STANFORD: Well, this is -- so I am, or I am not 13 making my closing now? 14 THE COURT: Just give me the major points. You don't **15** have to elaborate. 16 MR. STANFORD: This is a guy with combat and tactics **17** and weapons training, trained by the military, funded by the taxpayers, who took it upon himself to amass guite a cache of 18 19 weapons and ammunition, 17 firearms and 7000 rounds of ammunition, along with body armor, along with gas masks, along 20 21 with military headsets that have been identified as stolen, 22 that he was selling on eBay. So there's that. By itself, 23 that's a crime for the military courts, probably. 24 But he also ordered silencers, which he knows to be

He knows they're silencers because of his specialized

illegal.

training. He doesn't think a silencer is anything other than a silencer, just like you and I look at a gavel and based on our training and experience, we know it's a gavel. You can call it a hammer, but we know it's a gavel. By the same token, he knows what a silencer is. So he did that, a knowing violation of military and United States law. Again, it looks like a different prosecution if that's all we have.

But what else we discovered was blatant glorification of mass shooters. Page after page of instructions on how to construct an improvised explosive device. Not as Mr. Justice suggests borderline racism, but blatant racism. Anti-government, alt-right, you know, white supremacist style propaganda. Those are free under the Constitution and he gets to look at those things, but when you put those things in the phone of somebody who has amassed a ton of weapons and ammo and body armor and gas masks, who has specialized training in how to use those, who has a Shit Hits The Fan list that describes ways that he and his wife and his son can escape with body armor, with munitions and with ammo, on the same phone where he has his Last Will and Testament, well, we have quite a different picture of somebody who was perhaps planning something very dangerous.

You know, we see these things happen on TV, and it seemed like it was weekly for a while, it's abated a little bit, but we see these shooting events, and each of these

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communities would give everything they had to have some advance notice that something dangerous might be about to happen. Well, we have that advance notice. We don't know exactly what his plan was, but we know that he's a man with the means and the materials and the training to conduct something pretty scary, and based on the shooter's manifesto and the other glorifications of mass shooters and alt-right propaganda -- and quite frankly, Your Honor, the United States calls B-S on his assertion that he was just researching things in his professional capacity. Special Agent Sorenson testified he's got no business doing such research.

This guy was planning something. We don't know what, but we have advance notice in this case, and that's why the United States firmly believes that this person presents a danger to the community. He has the technical training -- he's been trained in combat, in evasion techniques, in enemy evasion techniques. A halfway house? Please. Confined to quarters? Please. It's all just too uncertain. And the community's safety deserves better.

THE COURT: Let me explain my function, as I see it at this point. I'm not the trier of fact. A jury is going to make a decision about the guilt or innocence of the federal charges that were brought against the Defendant. I'm required at this stage of the proceeding, early on, to decide whether there is any combination of factors that I could order that

would make sure that the Defendant, if he's released, would not be a danger.

I gather he does no longer possess any of the weapons or uniforms, or other things that you described. Is that correct?

MR. STANFORD: We've seized them, but we also believe him to be a very resourceful man who undoubtedly -- I mean, morons on the street get AR-15s, Your Honor. This is a trained weapons specialist. He knows how to get a weapon if he wants one.

THE COURT: Well, if he's under the supervision of a responsible person that sees him daily, are there not means of fashioning --

MR. STANFORD: Definitely not. He's somebody who has specialized training to escape those kinds of conditions, and he is somebody that has shown a disregard for authority. The reason I put that letter in there, the Letter of Counseling, is because if you read through it, he's hitting a lot of the DSM factors for a narcissistic personality, somebody who resents authority.

You know, he stole the stuff from Cabelas, which he dismisses as a foolish prank, but I think it's pretty serious when you're an airman living in this community and you steal from a gun store when you've got a gun store on base. He's got everything he needs on base, and yet he fails to report his

weapons, which the witness has testified would be painfully easy for him to get approved. He amasses 7000 rounds of ammunition. I have 1000 rounds in my garage; 7000 is significant. Plus body armor and gas masks. We don't know what his plan was, that's the problem.

THE COURT: I understand your concerns, but is there not some way that I could find a custodian who would see him on a regular basis and be aware if he started deviating from conditions of release by, for example, trying to buy a weapon or buy ammunition?

MR. STANFORD: Given his specialized training, Your Honor, and the propensity he's already shown to thumb his nose at authority and regulations, I don't believe that anybody could do that, except maybe a squad of Delta Force soldiers who will surround him at all times. I don't believe such a condition exists. I don't think we, as a community, can rest safely knowing what we know about him and then giving a person or persons who don't have the same motivation, who don't have the same commitment to the United States Department of Justice or this Court to keeping the community safe -- they simply aren't going to have the same motivation that this Court would or that my office would or that the United States Marshals would.

THE COURT: Thank you for that explanation.

Now, Mr. Romero, go ahead and complete your

- 1 | examination.
- 2 MR. ROMERO: I'll finish real quick, Your Honor.
- 3 CONTINUED CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 4 BY MR. ROMERO:
- 5 BY MR. ROMERO:
- **6** Q. Did you acknowledge at the pretrial confinement hearing
- 7 that you had moved some of the children's toys in the house
- 8 | next to the firearms that were located?
- 9 A. No, sir. I actually specifically testified to not doing
- 10  $\parallel$  that. That was a mischaracterization by Captain Saulter.
- 11 | Q. And again, there's been a reference to the Defendant
- 12 | stealing Government property. That's also not been resolved,
- 13 | has it?
- **14** A. That case is still pending, sir, yes.
- 15 0. So it has not been resolved?
- 16 A. I don't believe so.
- 17  $\|Q\|$ . He has not been found guilty, as we sit here today?
- **18** | A. Guilty of?
- 19  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Of any of your charges that are pending against him in the
- 20 military proceeding.
- 21 A. Not as of yet.
- 22 Q. Okay. Thank you, sir.
- THE COURT: Any other questions?
- 24 MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor.
- 25 MR. STANFORD: Not from the Government, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You may have 2 a seat out in the audience. 3 Any other witnesses by the Government? MR. STANFORD: No other witnesses. I wanted to add 4 5 one last thing regarding conditions of release. THE COURT: Go ahead. 6 7 MR. STANFORD: To put him in their care, given the 8 dangerousness he presents, it imposes guite a burden on the military, which has a pretty serious job to do already, and I 9 think it's going to cause a lapse in their attention to the 10 11 duty they already have or a lapse in their attention to the duty of caring for him, either of which is an untenable 12 **13** prospect for the military and for us, as citizens of the 14 community. I simply don't think we can ask them to do that. Ι **15** think he's too dangerous, and they have other really important 16 things they're working on. **17** THE COURT: Okay, let me explain to counsel what I 18 plan to do next. I want to hear from the United States 19 Probation Officer, Sandra Day, who's been listening to all of this. She's made two recommendations against release based on 20 21 concerns about dangerousness to the community. 22 So let me turn to Ms. Day, who is on the screen. You 23 can see her. And let me get your views about this. Has 24 anything that's occurred today changed your recommendation?

MS. DAY: Your Honor, I have been staffing with my

co-worker, who was also in the United States Air Force, and he is saying that training -- he's saying training as an ISO is a pretty typical thing for most, because he did security, also. But it sounds to me like this individual might have further training, which is a big concern. And due to the nature of the offense, if he's found guilty, or -- well, at this point he's still presumed innocent, Your Honor. But the nature of the offense is a concern for us.

However, if you're inclined to release, I can't say that placing him at La Posada Halfway House with a GPS would absolutely prevent any type of violence, because he can cut off the bracelet and flee. However, if he -- it seems to me that just due to the nature of the offense, Your Honor, and the documents presented, he does present a danger to the community and it is a concern for Pretrial Services.

If you were to release and let him go back to the base, we could still supervise him there, as well. It just wouldn't be as close. So he could have possibly two agencies supervising him. But I still -- if he was still able to have access to firearms in any way, that would be a concern.

So Your Honor, I just think that at this time -- I apologize for pausing, because he is presumed innocent at this time. I would just recommend continued detention, Your Honor, at this time.

THE COURT: You mentioned a halfway house. Is that

available at this time? 1 2 MS. DAY: Yes, it is, Your Honor. And he has been 3 in, basically, quarantine for 20 days at the jail, so he would 4 be eligible for release, probably today. 5 THE COURT: If he were to be released to La Posada, 6 in the past I've experienced situations where release to 7 La Posada was combined with conditions that he is restricted to 8 the premises instead of being able to leave to work during the 9 day or to visit his lawyers, and so on, that it would be full-time at La Posada and monitored by an ankle bracelet. 10 11 that a possibility in this case? 12 MS. DAY: Yes, Your Honor. We do have both GPS and **13** the radio-frequency units available at this time, and there is 14 bed space available at La Posada. And the component, or we **15** would recommend -- home incarceration, he wouldn't be able to 16 go anywhere. But home detention, he would be able to go visit **17** with his attorney and attend counseling, if need be. 18 THE COURT: Well, under home incarceration, his 19 lawyer could visit him at La Posada, could he not? 20 MS. DAY: Yes, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Any other observations or comments 22 you want to make? 23 MS. DAY: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. Let me turn to Mr. Romero and have 24

you make a proposal of release under conditions.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, obviously without going into my closing argument, I would just inform the Court that, of course, any condition less than full detention for Mr. Justice is appropriate given that presumption of innocence and given that he has actually proven himself to be compliant with the prior conditions of release that were set in an identical case, essentially. And Your Honor, La Posada would be obviously something that we would not be opposed to, as compared to the conditions of confinement that he's facing at this time.

His prior conditions of detention under his pending UCMJ case would also be something that we would not object to, because I have confidence in this young man that he will be compliant because he has a record of being compliant. The access to these firearms and the access to this literature goes back to 2015.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask this, and Captain
Saulter may be the person to respond to it. If I were to order conditions of release that confined Mr. Justice to La Posada Halfway House with GPS or other monitoring, and a condition that he is restricted to La Posada, cannot go elsewhere, cannot go visit his lawyer, his lawyer can come see him, but if I were to order such, what happens to his current conditions regarding the military charges?

CAPTAIN SAULTER: I would say that's an interesting question, Your Honor. Essentially, right now the only reason

he's still in the military is because he's in confinement, which is what has extended his term of service, because they call what he's currently in lost time. That's what the Government advocated for at the preliminary hearing. I'm not sure how the halfway house would weigh into that. He might still be coded civilian confinement, but he might be coded present for duty, depending on what you described, if he could still go to work every day. Plenty of military members live off the base. So that's, honestly, a personnel question.

THE COURT: Okay.

CAPTAIN SAULTER: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Captain Saulter.

well, let me ask counsel for the Government to respond to a proposal that he be released to La Posada Halfway House and restricted to there under GPS monitoring.

MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, we just heard the United States Probation Office say how easy it would be for him to escape there. He can cut it off. People escape from La Posada all the time. Imbeciles, imbeciles without any training escape from La Posada. We have somebody who is bright and capable and resourceful.

Your Honor, La Posada, or any kind of confinement like that, presents just an untenable situation. This is somebody who has been trained to escape from situations like that, trained to escape.

THE COURT: What is your concern? That if he were at La Posada under GPS monitoring with an ankle bracelet, that he would cut the ankle bracelet off, somehow acquire an arsenal of weapons --

MR. STANFORD: It doesn't have to be an arsenal.

THE COURT: Well, acquire a single --

MR. STANFORD: Again, Your Honor, I'm confused. I'm sorry. We have a trained military specialist, and again, imbeciles get guns on the street every day. He can find one ten times easier than someone without his training, and he knows how to use it.

I'm not saying that he's going to escape La Posada and begin, once again, amassing a stockpile of weapons and ammo, but he might. I think he's shown some anti-authoritarian tendencies, he's shown that he was planning something pretty scary, and he's got the training to do it.

And then we've got a United States Magistrate Judge that found he was a danger, we have the United States Probation Officer issuing two reports, and then today stating that the Probation Office believes he's a danger and should not be released to third-party custody, and we've got quite a bit of evidence that he was engaging in at least the preplanning stages of something pretty scary. So I'm sort of at a loss for how to answer any further questions about it.

To the United States, the writing is on the wall.

You've got -- I wrote them down while we were sitting here.

You've got all these cities, Your Honor. Christchurch,

El Paso, Las Vegas. All these cities, you know. In the United

States' estimation, we have narrowly avoided adding Albuquerque

to that list.

So I think the idea of him cutting his ankle bracelet loose at La Posada, or sneaking out from Kirtland Air Force Base in the middle of the night and simply fleeing, I think that's the minimum that we're facing. I absolutely believe that a guy who made a bug out list, a guy who planned for whatever he was planning, already today sitting in court knows how he plans to escape from whatever soft third-party custody we put him in. The hardest one we could impose upon him still isn't enough to assure that a person with his training will stay where we want him to.

THE COURT: Let me ask if you know the answer to the question that I posed to Captain Saulter, about what would happen if I were to order his release to La Posada Halfway House under strict conditions. How would that impact the military justice proceedings?

MR. STANFORD: I honestly don't know. I have been approving every request for him to travel to their hearings with the United States Marshals accompanying him. There have been, by my last count, five such appearances where my office, in cooperation with the Air Force, has made him available for

1 every single hearing. You know, without even asking 20 questions, we're making him available as needed. I don't know 2 3 that it would be as easy with La Posada. It might be even 4 easier. But, you know, the inconvenience of doing it the way we've been doing it, keeping him in jail with the Marshals 5 quarding him, that's been working just fine. I've been 6 7 agreeing to everything. 8 So I don't think any modification is needed to serve

So I don't think any modification is needed to serve his Air Force prosecution, which, Your Honor, we have jurisdiction over. We're cooperating, but I think the offenses he faces here are far more serious than what he faces over there. So my preference is that our case be given kind of first priority with all these questions.

THE COURT: Well, my question is, do I have the legal authority to do that.

MR. STANFORD: I don't know.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, may I respond?

THE COURT: If you know the answer, sure.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, similar to what has occurred at the Cibola County Detention Center, whenever the military authorities have requested his presence there by a writ of habeas corpus or some similar document with the concurrence of the Government, he's been allowed to be transported or has been transported to appear for those proceedings.

Yes, Your Honor, in your order setting conditions of

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release, that would be another condition. In other words, your condition would expressly indicate that he is to make himself available for all scheduled military court proceedings, and Captain Saulter or I would take him to those proceedings, as had occurred previously when he was on conditions of release and in full compliance.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'm still at a little bit of a loss as to what my authority is in terms of ordering a release to La Posada, for example, in terms of whether that conflicts with the authority of the Air Force.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, as the Court recalls, and Captain Saulter can confirm, at the February 26th pretrial confinement hearing, he was released, essentially, on conditions, and my understanding of the conditions was he had an initial hard 72-hour hold where he was not allowed to leave the base, which he complied with, he was required to go -- or recommended, which he did, to submit to a mental health eval, which he did, and then because he's still an active duty service member, he was given an alternate duty station or work assignment to report to.

But other than that, and Captain Saulter can correct me if I'm mistaken, other than that, he was free to go on and off the base as he pleased, and that state of affairs existed for approximately 17 or 18 days before he was arrested in this case, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Stanford.

MR. STANFORD: None of the materials found on his phone, the plans and all that, were known to the people who made those decisions. So he was released on conditions and he was evaluated by the mental health evaluator before they knew anything about what was on his phone. So it's sort of irrelevant that they let him out on conditions and he did well, because he thought he got away with it. He didn't realize they were going to get all the materials from his phone.

And when the judge -- it's not a judge, it's a hearing officer. When the hearing officer ordered him released, he had no idea what was on his phone. I'm quite sure they would sing a different tune if they were to revisit that hearing today.

MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, may Captain Saulter address that point with regard to the subsequently discovered phone material?

THE COURT: Sure.

CAPTAIN SAULTER: Your Honor, I apologize in advance.

Our system of doing things in the military is a little strange sometimes, and our rules are somewhat analogous to the rules here, but also somewhat completely different.

The military does have the capability to renew their attempt at placing Airman Justice in pretrial confinement if they discover new information. So essentially, if the idea is

that that information wasn't available at the original hearing, then they can go back to the same Pretrial Confinement Review Officer, or a different one on Kirtland Air Force Base, present new information and try again to have him placed in a military pretrial confinement. So understanding what is being said, that that information, at least some of it wasn't presented at the pretrial confinement hearing, that is contemplated by the rules and able to be addressed subsequently.

THE COURT: Well, what is the likelihood that that will happen?

CAPTIAN SAULTER: Given the commitment of the United States Government to keep Airman Justice thus far detained, I would say -- Government counsel for the case is also in the courtroom. But I would imagine they might try. I don't know that the Pretrial Confinement Review Officer is going to be convinced by simply the materials put forth here today.

THE COURT: Well, what would prompt that type of review in the military justice system?

CAPTAIN SAULTER: His commander would order him into confinement again, if his commander believed that he had new information to substantiate that confinement, and then the Kirtland Air Force Base legal office would pursue another hearing within seven days of the imposition of that confinement, if they decided to go that route. His commander alternatively could order any pretrial restraints. So we have

pretrial confinement, pretrial restraint. He could order any 1 amount of pretrial restraint to include restriction to base, to 2 3 include alternate duty locations, to include conditions on 4 release. 5 After the mental health evaluation, his commander 6 found that none of those were necessary. In the military, 7 we're required to use the least restrictive means, and his commander found after the mental health evaluation that no 8 9 additional requirements were necessary to have him appear at hearings and not cause any other serious misconduct. 10 11 THE COURT: How would someone in the military justice 12 system initiate the requested review given the materials that **13** were found subsequent to his release in the military? 14 CAPTAIN SAULTER: Yes, Your Honor. What they would **15** have done, instead of going to the AFT and the DOJ, which had 16 already declined prosecution in the case previously, they could **17** have simply just taken the same information back to the commander and told the commander what the information was to 18 19 see if that prompted the commander to order Airman Justice back 20 into confinement. 21 THE COURT: Can that still be done? 22 CAPTAIN SAULTER: Yes, it could. 23 THE COURT: And who would initiate that?

CAPTAIN SAULTER: That would be essentially the

commander, but usually through the function of the

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investigators and the legal office. So basically, they would be the ones that would typically advise the commander on whether that was a good idea, and then the same requirements from the first hearing would then be in place.

So from the imposition of confinement, military confinement, there would have to be a 72-hour determination by the commander that it's still necessary, and then a seven-day hearing by the Pretrial Confinement Review Officer that this is new information that justifies the confinement.

THE COURT: Well, has the office considered this information?

CAPTAIN SAULTER: They've had access to it, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And do you know if they made a decision one way or the other?

CAPTAIN SAULTER: I think what they decided to do was to seek the AFT and the Department of Justice to take jurisdiction over one of the myriad of offenses so that they could seek civil pretrial detention. The standard in the military is high once someone has been found, by a preponderance of the evidence by a neutral officer, to be not a risk of flight and not a risk for serious misconduct. I have never seen or heard of a successful attempt to present new information and then, without new misconduct, having that person, you know, put back into pretrial confinement.

1 So essentially, they're saying they found new 2 evidence, not new misconduct, so I would assume that the 3 likelihood of success at the pretrial confinement hearing would 4 be low. 5

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Captain Saulter.

Mr. Mote, let me ask, do you have questions you want to ask Captain Saulter about this?

MR. MOTE: Your Honor, I would just like to address the Court on the information that was just provided. approach the podium, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, please do.

MR. MOTE: I'd like to address the Court based on the information that was just provided to the Court. What you just heard, Your Honor, from the defense attorney that represents the Senior Airman in his UCMJ case is all mere speculation and conjecture. What happens when you release this Defendant to military justice control is totally within the purview of the military justice commander over there. He could decide, I don't want to do anything, I'm just going to let him go back to work, and Your Honor, as we've already elicited from testimony here today, the Defendant would have the ability to drive right off the base and be out of here to Timbuktu before the sun goes down, because there is nothing -- if this Court releases him to military control, their authority is going to come from that book that I had the witness look at earlier, which is the

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Uniform Code of Military Justice, Your Honor.

So if this Court is inclined to release him to military control, the Government's concern is that there is no way that we are telling the military how to conduct their business and how to initiate the UCMJ proceeding, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me make it clear, I'm not inclined to release him to control of the military.

MR. MOTE: Okay, Your Honor.

THE COURT: What I'm trying to figure out is whether there's a combination of conditions that includes release to La Posada Halfway House that would make sure that the Defendant is not a danger to the community, and I'm kind of stuck on the issue about my authority to make that decision independent of whatever the military justice system wants to do. For example, if I released the Defendant to La Posada Halfway House under conditions and there was another review by the military of the information they didn't have previously, they may then take him into custody.

MR. MOTE: Your Honor, that's an interesting question, but he is currently in our custody, so I think in order to do so, they would have to seek a writ in order to bring him back into their custody.

THE COURT: Do you agree with that, Mr. Romero?

MR. ROMERO: I do, Your Honor. And I would just add that both, oddly -- or not so oddly, the two agencies have been

copacetic and cooperating with each other. In other words, it was after he was released and after, according to Captain Saulter, that ATF had taken a pass on the case that then it was picked up by the AFT and U.S. Attorney's Office. So there's been coordination in that regard, Your Honor.

MR. MOTE: I have nothing further, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, thank you. You may have a seat. And Ms. Day, is there anything about what you've heard since you last spoke that changes your point of view?

MS. DAY: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Based primarily on the recommendations of Probation, it'll be my finding that there are no conditions or combination of conditions that will reasonably assure the safety of the community if the Defendant were to be released pretrial. I think it is a difficult question, but I believe there is sufficient evidence of potential danger to support the recommendation of Probation. So I'll deny the appeal of the detention order.

I also took into account the very thorough review done by Judge Khalsa at the hearing on, I think it was April 16th -- I'm sorry, on March 19th. My apologies. So given all of that, I will require that the Defendant be detained finding a potential dangerousness to the community if he were to be released.

Now, let me ask counsel about where you stand in this

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    case and when we could go to trial.
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              MR. STANFORD: You know, strangely, Your Honor, after
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    all the lawyering that's been done on this case, the underlying
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    facts that would proven the charges are fairly simple.
 5
    Government can be ready fairly quickly.
              THE COURT: How many witnesses does the Government
6
7
   have?
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              MR. STANFORD: Half a dozen, maybe. That may be a
9
    generous estimation on my part.
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              THE COURT: Well, let's walk through them, if you can
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    identify who they are as of today.
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              MR. STANFORD: I don't recall everybody's name.
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    There certainly would be the AFT examiner who will certify that
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    these devices were, in fact, silencers prohibited under the
15
    National Firearms Act and other statutes. There will be --
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              THE COURT: On that witness, how long would the
17
   testimony take?
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              MR. STANFORD: From the Government? No more than an
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   hour-and-a-half.
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              THE COURT: What about cross-examination?
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              MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, I would say -- I haven't
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    given it a lot of thought, to be honest with Your Honor, but I
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    would say approximately the same period of time.
              THE COURT: All right. Who is your next witness?
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              MR. STANFORD: The case agent from AFT, Special Agent
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    Kempton, K-e-m-p-t-o-n.
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              THE COURT: How long do you expect his direct
 3
    testimony to be?
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              MR. STANFORD: A couple of hours.
 5
              THE COURT: And for cross-examination?
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              MR. STANFORD: This is Agent Kempton, Your Honor.
7
    couple of hours.
8
                          Okay. For cross-examination?
              THE COURT:
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              MR. ROMERO: Approximately the same time, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Who's next?
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              MR. STANFORD: Special Agent Nathaniel Sorenson,
12
    probably three hours.
13
              THE COURT: And cross-examination?
14
              MR. ROMERO: Same, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Is he the case agent?
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                             He is the OSI. We have co-case agents
              MR. STANFORD:
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           One from AFT and one from Air Force OSI.
    here.
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              THE COURT: And who is your one from Air Force?
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              MR. STANFORD:
                             Sorenson.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Who's next?
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              MR. STANFORD: There's going to be at least one or
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    two tech agents who downloaded the stuff from the phone.
23
    said, we're still sifting through some of the hard drives and
24
    other electronic media of the investigation, and I suspect
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    there will be a couple of tech agents or specialists on that
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    front, and they may be, you know, two hours each.
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              THE COURT: What all are they going to testify about?
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              MR. STANFORD: What processes they used to extract
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    the information, what they found, their work experience, their
 5
    expertise, things like that.
              THE COURT: And for cross-examination of these two
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 7
    tech agents?
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              MR. ROMERO: Approximately half that time I would
 9
    imagine, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: All right. Any other witnesses?
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              MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, I'm guessing there are at
    least one or two agents from OSI who assisted in serving the
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13
    search warrant at Airman Justice's residence. I would guess
14
    they're a couple of hours each.
15
              THE COURT: What's the substance of their testimony?
16
   what they found at the residence?
17
              MR. STANFORD: Things that they found. You know,
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    their participation in the search of the house.
                                                     Expanding
19
    on -- you know, Agent Sorenson oversaw this, but he's one guy.
    There were many people looking at the house, and they will
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21
    provide the complete picture of everything found at the house,
22
    and where, and in what condition, that kind of thing.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. How long do you think the search
24
   agents will testify?
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MR. STANFORD: A couple hours for each one.

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    less.
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              THE COURT: And cross-examination?
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              MR. STANFORD: You know, I tend to be fairly
 4
    succinct. Some of these estimations may be a little high, but
 5
    I figure it's better to overestimate for now.
              THE COURT: And for cross-examination?
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 7
              MR. ROMERO: Half that time, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Any other Government witnesses?
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                             Not that I can think of right now.
              MR. STANFORD:
              THE COURT: How about defense witnesses?
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              MR. ROMERO: Your Honor, my client is likely to
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    testify, as well as either an investigator and/or a firearms
13
    expert, and we may have a couple of character witnesses. I
14
    imagine maybe about six total witnesses at most. And I would
15
    think I would be able to put them all on, with cross, in a full
16
    day of trial.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. It's going to take the Government
18
    at least three days to present its witnesses, so you're going
19
    to have four days of testimony, and a day of selecting a jury,
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    opening statements and the like, and time for jury
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    deliberations. It's going to take you a full week, at least.
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    Let's see what our calendar shows after July 6th. What about
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    August?
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    (A discussion was held off the record.)
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THE COURT: All right, why don't we tentatively

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schedule the trial to begin on Monday, August the 10th, at
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2
    9:00. I'm sure we're going to need a pretrial conference
 3
    sometime in July.
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    (A discussion was held off the record.)
              THE COURT: I'll set the pretrial conference at 1:30
 5
6
    on July 20th.
7
              MR. STANFORD: Your Honor, we can take this up
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    another time if you wish, but I just conferred with my
    co-counsel and we're both unavailable the week of
9
   August 10th. But if you wish, we can save that conversation
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11
    for the pretrial conference on July 20th.
12
              THE COURT: What weeks during August do you have
13
    available for a week-long trial?
14
              MR. STANFORD: One moment, Your Honor. Either of the
15
    last two weeks of that month are both clear for my co-counsel
16
    and I. Your Honor.
17
    (A discussion was held off the record.)
18
              THE COURT: What about the week of August 30th, then?
19
              MR. STANFORD: We can make that work, Your Honor.
20
              THE COURT: And from the defense?
21
              MR. ROMERO: Yes, Your Honor.
22
              THE COURT: Okay, we'll plan to have the trial
23
    beginning 9:00 on August 31st, and still have the pretrial
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    conference at 1:30 on July 20th.
25
              Let me ask Mr. Stanford, anything else you want to
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bring up on behalf of the Government?
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              MR. STANFORD: Not at this time, Your Honor.
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 3
              THE COURT: And Mr. Romero, anything on behalf of the
    Defendant?
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 5
              MR. ROMERO: No, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: I thank everyone for your appearances and
 7
    input today. The Court is in recess at this time.
    (Proceedings adjourned at 3:43 P.M.)
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1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO 3 4 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 5 Plaintiff, No. 1:20-CR-01210-JAP 6 VS. 7 CHARLES BRENT JUSTICE, 8 Defendant. 9 10 CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER 11 I, Mary K. Loughran, CRR, RPR, New Mexico CCR #65, Federal 12 Realtime official Court Reporter, in and for the United States **13** District Court for the District of New Mexico, do hereby 14 certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States **15** Code, that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of 16 the stenographically reported proceedings held in the **17** above-entitled matter on Tuesday, June 2, 2020, and that the 18 transcript page format is in conformance with the regulations 19 of the Judicial Conference of the United States. 20 Dated this 25th day of June, 2020. 21 22 MARY K. LOUGHRAN, CRR, RPR, NM CCR #65 23 UNITED STATES COURT REPORTER 333 Lomas Boulevard, Northwest 24 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 Phone: (505) 348-2334 25 Email: Mary\_Loughran@nmd.uscourts.gov